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Company Information / Ownership Structure

Number of Shares (thousand)	Current Quarter 09/30/2012
Paid-up capital	
Common	48,485
Preferred	38,517
Total	87,002
Treasury shares	
Common	8
Preferred	2
Total	10

Company Information / Cash Proceeds

Event	Date of Approval	Type	Date of Payment	Type of Share	Class	Share (Reais / Share)
Board of Directors' Meeting	08/14/2012	Dividend	08/31/2012	Common		0.61408
Board of Directors' Meeting	08/14/2012	Dividend	08/31/2012	Preferred		0.67548
Board of Directors' Meeting	08/14/2012	Interest on equity	08/31/2012	Common		0.74083
Board of Directors' Meeting	08/14/2012	Interest on equity	08/31/2012	Preferred		0.81491

Individual Financial Statements / Balance Sheet Assets

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Current quarter 09/30/2012	Prior year 12/31/2011
1	Total Assets	31,105,962	26,435,588
1.01	Current Assets	14,426,714	10,584,659
1.01.01	Cash and cash equivalents	105,331	97,086
1.01.02	Interbank investments	6,424,153	3,240,283
1.01.02.01	Open market investments	6,303,860	3,036,454
1.01.02.02	Interbank deposits	120,293	203,829
1.01.03	Securities and derivatives	538,592	233,192
1.01.03.01	Own portfolio	391,164	233,158
1.01.03.03	Derivative financial instruments	0	34
1.01.03.04	Linked to guarantees	147,428	0
1.01.04	Interbank accounts	364,189	267,274
1.01.04.01	Unsettled payments and receipts	64,486	90
1.01.04.02	Deposits - Central Bank of Brazil	291,958	260,563
1.01.04.03	National Treasury - Rural credit funds	6,165	4,984
1.01.04.04	Interbank onlendings	972	905
1.01.04.05	Correspondents	608	732
1.01.06	Lending operations	4,885,778	4,950,715
1.01.06.01	Public sector	85,487	78,446
1.01.06.02	Private sector	5,118,612	5,173,329
1.01.06.03	(Allowance for loan losses)	(318,321)	(301,060)
1.01.08	Other receivables	2,079,472	1,778,988
1.01.08.02	Foreign exchange portfolio	545,013	641,071
1.01.08.03	Income receivable	25,489	22,902
1.01.08.04	Securities trading and brokerage	4	0
1.01.08.05	Other receivables	1,587,439	1,118,570
1.01.08.06	(Allowance for losses on other receivables)	(78,473)	(3,555)
1.01.09	Other assets	29,199	17,121
1.01.09.01	Other assets	6,412	6,169
1.01.09.02	(Allowance for devaluation)	(845)	(1,248)
1.01.09.03	Prepaid expenses	23,632	12,200
1.02	Long-Term Assets	16,479,542	15,662,089
1.02.02	Marketable securities	10,505,689	9,874,595
1.02.02.01	Own portfolio	9,485,455	8,878,659
1.02.02.02	Held under repurchase commitments	712,623	672,509
1.02.02.03	Derivative financial instruments	179,780	44,860
1.02.02.04	Linked to guarantees	127,831	278,567
1.02.03	Interbank accounts	40,063	36,863
1.02.03.01	National Treasury - Rural credit funds	3	422
1.02.03.02	Financial Housing System (SFH)	36,658	32,369
1.02.03.03	Interbank onlendings	3,402	4,072
1.02.05	Lending operations	5,438,934	5,639,615
1.02.05.01	Public sector	1,279,940	1,255,601
1.02.05.02	Private sector	4,511,873	4,704,792

Individual Financial Statements / Balance Sheet Assets

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Current quarter 09/30/2012	Prior year 12/31/2011
1.02.05.03	(Allowance for losses)	(352,879)	(320,778)
1.02.07	Other receivables	494,856	111,016
1.02.07.02	Other receivables	494,856	161,747
1.02.07.03	(Allowance for losses on other receivables)	0	(50,731)
1.03	Permanent Assets	199,706	188,840
1.03.01	Investments	1,715	1,568
1.03.01.04	Other investments	7,018	6,871
1.03.01.05	Allowance for losses	(5,303)	(5,303)
1.03.02	Property and equipment in use	196,893	185,569
1.03.02.01	Real estate in use	150,572	137,759
1.03.02.02	Real estate revaluation	105,410	105,410
1.03.02.03	Other property and equipment in use	186,166	166,672
1.03.02.04	(Accumulated depreciation)	(245,255)	(224,272)
1.03.05	Deferred charges	1,098	1,703
1.03.05.01	Organization and expansion costs	3,556	4,624
1.03.05.02	(Accumulated amortization)	(2,458)	(2,921)

Individual Financial Statements / Balance Sheet Liabilities

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Current quarter 09/30/2012	Prior year 12/31/2011
2	Total Liabilities	31,105,962	26,435,588
2.01	Current Liabilities	11,167,285	9,748,154
2.01.01	Deposits	4,764,672	5,115,979
2.01.01.01	Demand deposits	115,108	162,445
2.01.01.02	Savings deposits	1,501,771	1,329,994
2.01.01.03	Interbank deposits	699,914	588,986
2.01.01.04	Time deposits	2,447,879	3,034,554
2.01.02	Open market funding	802,350	637,812
2.01.02.01	Own portfolio	641,695	603,883
2.01.02.02	Third-party portfolio	160,655	33,929
2.01.03	Funds from acceptance and issuance of securities	159,156	199,732
2.01.03.01	Receivables from mortgage bills, securities and similar	136,679	196,364
2.01.03.02	Payables for marketable securities issued abroad	22,477	3,368
2.01.04	Interbank accounts	46,186	4
2.01.04.01	Receipts and payments pending settlement	46,186	4
2.01.05	Interdepartmental accounts	10,292	7,142
2.01.05.01	Third-party funds in transit	10,247	7,142
2.01.05.02	Internal transfers of funds	45	0
2.01.06	Borrowings	844,816	849,768
2.01.06.01	Domestic borrowings - official institutions	17,954	16,511
2.01.06.02	Foreign borrowings	826,862	833,257
2.01.07	Domestic onlendings	215,190	173,427
2.01.07.01	National Treasury	252	217
2.01.07.02	BNDES (National Bank for Economic and Social Development)	197,064	162,562
2.01.07.03	FINAME (National Equipment Financing Authority)	17,874	10,648
2.01.08	Foreign onlendings	89,037	81,291
2.01.09	Other obligations	4,235,586	2,682,999
2.01.09.01	Derivative financial instruments	2,530	7,615
2.01.09.02	Collected taxes and other	46,547	4,805
2.01.09.03	Foreign exchange portfolio	15,636	1,188
2.01.09.04	Social and statutory	16,251	12,254
2.01.09.05	Tax and social security	535,913	525,820
2.01.09.06	Securities trading and brokerage	72	0
2.01.09.07	Financial and development funds	2,314,822	1,102,922
2.01.09.08	Hybrid debt/ equity instruments	0	70,164
2.01.09.09	Other	1,303,815	958,231
2.02	Long-Term Liabilities	17,455,726	14,357,919
2.02.01	Deposits	5,204,672	3,848,520
2.02.01.01	Demand deposits	15,286	21,179
2.02.01.02	Interbank deposits	34,462	0
2.02.01.03	Time deposits	5,154,924	3,827,341
2.02.02	Open Market Funding	68,929	66,561
2.02.02.01	Own portfolio	68,929	66,561
2.02.03	Funds from acceptance and issuance of securities	1,286,650	563,876
2.02.03.01	Receivables from mortgage bills, securities and similar	412	0
2.02.03.02	Payables for marketable securities issued abroad	1,286,238	563,876
2.02.06	Borrowings	17,263	33,021
2.02.06.01	Domestic borrowings - official institutions	17,263	33,021
2.02.07	Domestic onlendings	1,346,902	1,113,258
2.02.07.01	National Treasury	595	775
2.02.07.02	BNDES (National Bank for Economic and Social Development)	1,210,712	990,332
2.02.07.03	FINAME (National Equipment Financing Authority)	135,595	122,151

Individual Financial Statements / Balance Sheet Liabilities

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Current quarter 09/30/2012	Prior year 12/31/2011
2.02.08	Foreign onlendings	762,826	759,101
2.02.09	Other obligations	8,768,484	7,973,582
2.02.09.01	Derivative financial instruments	11,058	13,513
2.02.09.02	Financial and development funds	3,807,518	3,617,155
2.02.09.03	Hybrid debt/ equity instruments	1,161,438	1,067,708
2.02.09.04	Subordinated debt eligible for capital	1,303,638	1,216,319
2.02.09.05	Other	2,484,832	2,058,887
2.03	Deferred income	0	16
2.05	Equity	2,482,951	2,329,499
2.05.01	Capital	2,141,616	2,009,616
2.05.01.01	Brazilian residents	2,142,000	2,010,000
2.05.01.02	(Treasury shares)	(384)	(384)
2.05.03	Revaluation reserve	23,478	25,198
2.05.03.01	Own assets	23,478	25,198
2.05.04	Income reserves	229,566	244,536
2.05.04.01	Legal	116,936	104,636
2.05.04.02	Statutory	112,630	132,862
2.05.04.07	Other income reserves	0	7,038
2.05.05	Valuation adjustments to equity	103,098	50,149
2.05.06	Retained earnings (accumulated losses)	(14,807)	0

Individual Financial Statements / Statements of Income

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Current quarter period 07/01/2012 to 09/30/2012	Current accumulated year 01/01/2012 to 09/30/2012	Same prior quarter period 07/01/2011 to 09/30/2011	Prior accumulated year 01/01/2011 to 09/30/2011
3.01	Income from financial intermediation	773,842	2,703,090	1,131,422	2,565,559
3.01.01	Lending operations	408,766	1,410,624	572,574	1,355,836
3.01.02	Marketable securities transactions	326,428	1,020,900	367,940	1,015,929
3.01.03	Derivative financial instruments	(20)	114,245	69,208	29,041
3.01.04	Foreign exchange transactions	32,304	139,627	113,963	148,619
3.01.05	Compulsory investments	4,195	15,525	7,737	16,134
3.01.06	Sale or transfer of financial assets	2,169	2,169	0	0
3.02	Expenses on financial intermediation	(514,791)	(2,026,336)	(800,090)	(1,604,545)
3.02.01	Funding operations	(199,261)	(784,341)	(372,950)	(799,464)
3.02.02	Borrowings and onlendings	(160,955)	(846,713)	(419,911)	(692,867)
3.02.03	Sale or transfer of financial assets	(2)	(2)	0	0
3.02.04	Allowance for loan losses	(154,573)	(395,280)	(7,229)	(112,214)
3.03	Gross income from financial intermediation	259,051	676,754	331,332	961,014
3.04	Other operating income (expenses)	(430,208)	(823,143)	(98,711)	(253,591)
3.04.01	Income from services provided	314,932	1,038,908	342,499	988,331
3.04.02	Personnel expenses	(538,656)	(1,270,321)	(250,486)	(735,140)
3.04.03	Other administrative expenses	(195,729)	(615,509)	(207,516)	(569,406)
3.04.04	Tax expenses	(46,264)	(142,534)	(45,795)	(138,168)
3.04.05	Other operating income	335,512	1,149,564	275,408	865,938
3.04.06	Other operating expenses	(300,003)	(983,251)	(212,821)	(665,146)
3.05	Operating income (expenses)	(171,157)	(146,389)	232,621	707,423
3.06	Non operating income (expenses)	1,151	2,270	203	(533)
3.06.01	Income	1,261	2,937	892	3,023
3.06.02	Expenses	(110)	(667)	(689)	(3,556)
3.07	Income before taxes and profit sharing	(170,006)	(144,119)	232,824	706,890
3.08	Provision for income and social contribution taxes	(81,432)	(221,744)	(45,355)	(209,519)
3.09	Deferred income tax	240,555	618,492	(45,898)	(29,938)
3.10	Profit Sharing/Statutory contributions	(4,498)	(22,004)	(22,468)	(47,637)
3.10.01	Profit Sharing	(4,498)	(22,004)	(22,468)	(47,637)
3.13	Net income for the period	(15,381)	230,625	119,103	419,796
3.99	Earnings per share - (R\$ / share)	(0.17681)	2.65111	1.36913	4.82569

Individual FS / Statement of comprehensive income

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Current quarter period 07/01/2012 to 09/30/2012	Current accumulated year 01/01/2012 to 09/30/2012	Same prior quarter period 07/01/2011 to 09/30/2011	Prior accumulated year 01/01/2011 to 09/30/2011
4.01	Net income for the period	(15,381)	230,625	119,103	419,796
4.02	Other comprehensive income	(10,000)	54,669	(13,569)	(28,029)
4.02.01	Equity valuation adjustments of available-for-sale securities	(17,622)	88,249	(23,617)	(49,738)
4.02.02	Tax effect on equity valuation adjustments of available-for-sale securities	7,049	(35,300)	9,447	19,895
4.02.03	Realization of revaluation reserve	956	2,868	1,001	3,023
4.02.04	Tax effect on realization of revaluation reserve	(383)	(1,148)	(400)	(1,209)
4.03	Comprehensive income for the period	(25,381)	285,294	105,534	391,767

Individual Financial Statements / Statements of Cash Flows – Indirect Method

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Current accumulated year 01/01/2012 to 09/30/2012	Prior accumulated year 01/01/2011 to 09/30/2011
6.01	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,978,104	1,160,392
6.01.01	Cash flows from operations	1,858,757	1,197,922
6.01.01.01	Net income for the period	230,625	419,796
6.01.01.02	Depreciation and amortization expenses	21,749	20,394
6.01.01.04	Allowance for losses on other assets	-404	0
6.01.01.05	Allowance for loan losses	366,526	164,406
6.01.01.06	Provision for other receivables	28,754	2,302
6.01.01.07	Provision for contingent liabilities - FNE	488,223	258,953
6.01.01.08	Expenses on other operating provisions	4,212	9,581
6.01.01.09	Provision for contingent liabilities - Other	102,021	38,718
6.01.01.10	Reversal of operating provisions	(118,357)	(66,302)
6.01.01.11	Expenses on subordinated debt eligible for capital	87,319	84,990
6.01.01.12	Expenses on hybrid debt and equity instruments	96,186	100,845
6.01.01.13	Investments in deferred charges	0	(320)
6.01.01.14	Allowance (Post-employment benefits - CVM Resolution 600)	551,928	68,811
6.01.01.15	Provisioned dividends and interest on equity	(9)	96,217
6.01.01.16	Deferred income	(16)	0
6.01.01.17	Revaluation reserve	0	(469)
6.01.02	Changes in assets and liabilities	2,119,347	(37,530)
6.01.02.01	Short-term interbank investments	(125,256)	(22,383)
6.01.02.02	Interbank and interdepartmental accounts	(50,783)	(57,476)
6.01.02.03	Lending operations	(100,908)	(500,865)
6.01.02.04	Other receivables	(564,310)	(317,997)
6.01.02.05	Other assets	(11,816)	(8,890)
6.01.02.06	Deposits	1,004,845	306,542
6.01.02.07	Open market funding	166,906	228,755
6.01.02.08	Funds from acceptance and issuance of securities	682,197	205,924
6.01.02.09	Borrowings and onlendings	266,168	110,866
6.01.02.10	Derivative financial instruments	(142,426)	(60,554)
6.01.02.11	Other obligations	1,143,499	221,922
6.01.02.13	Income and social contribution taxes paid	(148,769)	(143,374)
6.02	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(785,148)	(1,822,745)
6.02.01	Available-for-sale marketable securities	(752,675)	(1,801,127)
6.02.02	Addition to investments	(147)	(60)
6.02.03	Addition to property and equipment in use	(32,496)	(22,774)
6.02.04	Addition to assets not for own use	(383)	(603)
6.02.05	Disposal of investments	0	(6)
6.02.06	Disposal of property and equipment in use	28	872
6.02.07	Disposal of assets not for own use	525	953
6.03	Cash flows from financing activities	(130,113)	-252,262
6.03.01	Dividends and Interest on equity paid	(130,113)	(252,262)
6.05	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,062,843	(914,615)
6.05.01	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	3,185,693	3,869,499
6.05.02	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	6,248,536	2,954,884

Individual Financial Statements / Statements of Changes in Equity - 01/01/2012 to 09/30/2012

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Paid-in Capital	Capital Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Earnings Reserves	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Losses)	Valuation Adjustments to Equity	Total
5.01	Opening balance	2,010,000	0	25,198	244,536	0	49,765	2,329,499
5.03	Adjusted balance	2,010,000	0	25,198	244,536	0	49,765	2,329,499
5.04	Net Income for the period	0	0	0	0	230,625	0	230,625
5.05	Allocations	0	0	0	117,030	(247,152)	0	(130,122)
5.05.01	Dividends	0	0	0	0	(61,467)	0	(61,467)
5.05.03	Other allocations	0	0	0	117,030	(185,685)	0	(68,655)
5.05.03.01	Legal reserve	0	0	0	12,300	(12,300)	0	0
5.05.03.02	Statutory reserve	0	0	0	111,768	(111,768)	0	0
5.05.03.03	Additional dividends proposed	0	0	0	0	(61,521)	0	(61,521)
5.05.03.04	Other	0	0	0	(7,038)	0	0	(7,038)
5.05.03.05	Provision for income tax on interest on equity	0	0	0	0	(96)	0	(96)
5.07	Equity valuation adjustments	0	0	(1,720)	0	1,720	52,949	52,949
5.07.01	Marketable securities adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	52,949	52,949
5.07.05	Reserve realization	0	0	(1,720)	0	1,720	0	0
5.08	Increase/decrease in capital	132,000	0	0	(132,000)	0	0	0
5.08.01	Transfer for capital increase	132,000	0	0	(132,000)	0	0	0
5.13	Closing balance	2,142,000	0	23,478	229,566	(14,807)	102,714	2,482,951

Individual Financial Statements / Statements of Changes in Equity - 01/01/2011 to 09/30/2011

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Paid-in Capital	Capital Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Earnings Reserves	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Losses)	Valuation Adjustments to Equity	Total
5.01	Opening balance	1,851,000	0	28,064	248,528	0	49,746	2,177,338
5.03	Adjusted balance	1,851,000	0	28,064	248,528	0	49,746	2,177,338
5.04	Net Income for the period	0	0	0	0	419,796	0	419,796
5.05	Allocations	0	0	0	178,818	(334,863)	0	(156,045)
5.05.01	Dividends	0	0	0	0	(92,081)	0	(92,081)
5.05.02	Interest on equity	0	0	0	32,957	(96,921)	0	(63,964)
5.05.03	Other allocations	0	0	0	145,861	(145,861)	0	0
5.05.03.01	Legal reserve	0	0	0	15,035	(15,035)	0	0
5.05.03.02	Statutory reserve	0	0	0	130,826	(130,826)	0	0
5.07	Equity valuation adjustments	0	0	(2,283)	0	1,814	(29,843)	(30,312)
5.07.01	Marketable securities adjustments	0	0	0	0	0	(29,843)	(29,843)
5.07.04	Reserve realization	0	0	(2,283)	0	1,814	0	(469)
5.08	Increase/decrease in capital	159,000	0	0	(159,000)	0	0	0
5.08.01	Transfer for capital increase	159,000	0	0	(159,000)	0	0	0
5.13	Closing balance	2,010,000	0	25,781	268,346	86,747	19,903	2,410,777

Individual Financial Statements / Statements of Value Added

(In thousands of Brazilian reais)

Code	Description	Current accumulated	Prior accumulated
		year 01/01/2012 to 09/30/2012	year 01/01/2011 to 09/30/2011
7.01	Revenues	3,515,299	3,611,997
7.01.01	Financial intermediation	2,703,090	2,565,559
7.01.02	Service provided	1,038,908	988,331
7.01.03	Allowance for/Reversal of loan losses	(395,280)	(112,214)
7.01.04	Other	168,581	170,321
7.02	Expenses on financial intermediation	(1,631,054)	(1,492,331)
7.03	Inputs purchased from third parties	(575,281)	(523,938)
7.03.01	Materials, electric power and other	(166,582)	(185,713)
7.03.02	Third-party services	(408,699)	(338,225)
7.04	Gross value added	1,308,964	1,595,728
7.05	Retentions	(21,749)	(20,395)
7.05.01	Depreciation, amortization and depletion	(21,749)	(20,395)
7.06	Net value added produced	1,287,215	1,575,333
7.08	Total value added for distribution	1,287,215	1,575,333
7.09	Distribution of value added	1,287,215	1,575,333
7.09.01	Personnel	1,178,572	688,829
7.09.01.01	Salaries and wages	502,202	489,079
7.09.01.02	Benefits	639,781	166,239
7.09.01.03	Government Severance Indemnity Fund for Employees (FGTS)	36,589	33,511
7.09.02	Taxes and contributions	(140,461)	441,634
7.09.02.01	Federal	(151,334)	430,660
7.09.02.02	State	32	13
7.09.02.03	Municipal	10,841	10,961
7.09.03	Payments to third parties	18,479	25,074
7.09.03.01	Rents	18,479	25,074
7.09.04	Equity remuneration	230,625	419,796
7.09.04.01	Interest on equity	67,300	63,964
7.09.04.02	Dividends	55,785	92,081
7.09.04.03	Retained earnings for the period	107,540	263,751

Comments on Performance

INTRODUCTION

In the third quarter of 2012, Banco do Nordeste took out approximately R\$ 4.5 billion, referring to 935,486 transactions involving loans, financing, capital markets and Fund for the Development of the Northeast (FDNE) disbursements with risks for the Bank, which presented an 11.4% increase in number of transactions and a 19.3% decrease in value as compared to the third quarter of 2011. In the period from January to September 2012, 2,751,954 transactions were carried out, involving loans, financing, capital markets and FDNE disbursements with risks for the Bank in the amount of R\$ 14.2 billion - a 17.6% increase in the number of transactions and a 5.5% decrease in the contracted amount as compared to the same period of 2011. Accordingly, in 2012 Banco do Nordeste seeks to achieve its strategic objective, which is to support regional productive agents in all their credit needs, considering both long and short-term financing, by using funds from the Brazilian Financing Fund for the Northeast (FNE) or other available sources, always prioritizing the small-scale farmer, the mini and small-sized rural producer, the micro and small-sized urban entrepreneur and the unofficial micro-entrepreneur.

ACTIONS TOWARDS DEVELOPMENT

Evaluation of Prodetur/NE II by Banco do Nordeste, BID, Ministry of Tourism and State Governments – On July 5, 2012, representatives of Banco do Nordeste, the Inter-American Development Bank (BID), the Ministry of Tourism (Mtur) and of State Governments attended a meeting for the purpose of evaluating the final report issued by the Tourism Development Program - Northeast (Prodetur/NE II) in Fortaleza (State of Ceará). Completed in March 2012, the second phase of the Tourism Development Program - Northeast (Prodetur/NE II) allocated funds to 136 projects across its multiple financing matrix components. Out of this total, 52 projects for boosting municipal capacity, 81 projects relating to strategic planning, capacity-building and infrastructure and 3 projects for promoting private investments were funded. These funds amounted to US\$ 400 million, US\$ 240 million of which originated from a Loan Agreement 1392/OC-BR and a minimum amount of US\$ 160 million (40% of this total) was given in consideration by the Federal, State and Municipal governments. Additionally, FNE-Proatur-funded private investments in the municipalities surrounding the Projects supported by Prodetur have reached R\$ 1.4 billion in the last 10 years. Prodetur benefited touristic complexes in five States in the Northeast of Brazil – Bahia, Ceará, Rio Grande do Norte, Pernambuco and Piauí, and also the Vale do Jequitinhonha touristic center in the Northern area of the State of Minas Gerais. As compared to its first phase, this program had the scope of its actions expanded to encompass, in addition to infrastructure, actions aimed at strengthening tourism management and at business and professional capacity-building in the segment. Out of the funds made available to the States, 99.7% was applied in actions in connection with projects whose purpose was to boost the municipal capacity for tourism management, strategic planning, capacity-building and infrastructure for touristic development. Based on the results obtained by Prodetur/NE I, and for the purpose of ensuring that future investments in this sector promote the development of tourism in a sustainable and responsible manner, Banco do Nordeste and BID entered into a second Loan Agreement, No. 1392-OC/BR, for the execution of Prodetur/NE II. The second version of aforementioned Program introduced new planning mechanisms and concepts, among which those of paramount importance are: the creation and implementation of Tourism Integrated Development Complexes; an integrated and participatory sector planning process; and the search for strengthening the planning capacity and tax, administrative and environmental management of the States and Municipalities participating in this Program.

Inauguration of two more units of Espaço Nordeste in the State of Bahia – Banco do Nordeste inaugurated two more units of Espaço Nordeste in Bahia: Amargosa, on July 5, and Lençóis, on July 6, 2012. As a result, three facilities are made available to the people of the State of Bahia, the first of which is already in operation in the municipality of Euclides da Cunha, benefiting hundreds of people on a daily basis. Acting as a partner in the implementation of Espaço Nordeste in Amargosa, the Municipal Government provided the former train station in Praça do

Bosque. In Lençóis, the partner is the Grãos de Luz e Griô project, which shared its facilities for the implementation of Espaço Nordeste. The Grãos de Luz e Griô project already operated as a cultural spot, a program of the Ministry of Culture, and is responsible for the education of 130 children, adolescents and young adults by means of identity, art, crafts and solidarity economy workshops, and whose generating topic is oral tradition and citizenship. In addition to the structure assembled by Espaço Nordeste, the project already had a music studio, a room for producing and editing video and music, a space for art workshops and a small stage. With Espaço Nordeste, a library, a reading room, an activity room, a business and meeting room, and a laboratory which has 11 computers with Internet access add to the project.

Disclosure of socioeconomic information about the Northeast by Banco do Nordeste – In July 2012, Banco do Nordeste, through its Technical Office of Economic Studies for the Northeast (Etene), posted two documents on the Internet, providing significant information about the social and economic reality of the area where the Bank operates, which corresponds to the Northeast, Northern Minas Gerais and Northern Espírito Santo. Issued annually, the “Nordeste do Brasil: Sinopse Estatística 2012” edition depicts the socioeconomic reality of the Region based on most recent data available. It may be downloaded for free on the Internet page of Banco do Nordeste, or at <http://bit.ly/PQL5pv>. Data is mostly presented in tables and sometimes detailed in graphs, to facilitate visualization and understanding. Systematically organized, this publication constitutes an additional source of information available, which may provide a basis for studies and research about the socioeconomic reality of the Northeastern region of Brazil. The document “Nordeste em Mapas” offers a series of theme maps, presents municipalities’ data and is divided into themes which compile information about territory, demography, socioeconomics and BNB financing in the municipalities where the Bank operates. This document may also be found at BNB website, or at <http://bit.ly/O7boQZ>.

R\$ 3 million agreement entered into between Banco do Nordeste, Iphan and the Municipality of João Pessoa (State of Paraíba - PB) – On July 5, 2012, Banco do Nordeste executed a R\$ 3 million agreement with the National Historic and Artistic Heritage Institute (Iphan) and the Municipality of João Pessoa (PB) referring to the Program for Renovation of Historic Urban Properties. The purpose of this partnership is to finance the recovery and restoration of private historical properties, owned by legal entities or individuals, which are listed as historical official heritage sites, located in historical downtown João Pessoa (PB). These funds originate from Iphan’s budget and are part of PAC Historical Cities. In Brazil, 185 historical cities are able to receive funds under this Program, 43 of which are within the area of operation of Banco do Nordeste.

Launch of Subsidized Credit Program by Banco do Nordeste and the Bahia State Government – On July 12, 2012, during the second State Conference of Sectorial Chambers, Banco do Nordeste and the Bahia State Government launched a Subsidized Credit Program, whose purpose is to direct and follow-up the application of rural credit. This Program, also supported by Brazil’s Agency for Mini and Small Businesses Sustainable Development (Sebrae), the Agriculture and Livestock Federation of the State of Bahia (Faeb) - Brazil’s Service for Rural Apprenticeship (Senar) System, the Executive Committee of the Cocoa Plantation Plan (Ceplac) and the Development Agency of the State of Bahia (Desenbahia), is expected to assist 22 production chains considered strategic and organized into sectorial chambers. During the event, the Agriculture secretary of the State of Bahia and the state superintendent of Banco do Nordeste delivered 20 vehicles paid with funds from the Scientific and Technological Development Fund (Fundeci), which will be used by the technicians who coordinate the production chains assisted.

ADMINISTRATIVE FACTS

Presentation by the Executive Board of the Action Plan to be implemented by Banco do Nordeste in the second half of 2012 – On July 18, 2012, the Executive Board of Banco do Nordeste, in a videoconference, presented the Action Plan to be implemented in the second half of 2012. The 20 guidelines encompass all areas of the Bank and are aimed at optimizing

administrative expenses, generating more profit. Also, a celebratory video prepared by NordesTV team was shown. Approximately 500 work stations followed this videoconference on the Intranet, whereas over 400 employees watched this event physically present at the Training Center auditorium of the Presidente Getúlio Vargas Administrative Center in Fortaleza (State of Ceará - CE).

XVIII Banco do Nordeste Forum on Development and XVII Regional Encounter on Economy – On July 19 and 20, 2012, Banco do Nordeste hosted the XVIII Banco do Nordeste Forum on Development and XVII Regional Encounter on Economy at the Presidente Getúlio Vargas Administrative Center in Fortaleza (CE). As a major milestone of the six decades of the Bank's operation, the purpose of this event was to gear up the academic and political community around matters which are of significance for regional development. The President of Banco do Nordeste opened the Forum, which was attended by the Minister of National Integration, the deputy Executive Secretary of the Ministry of Finance, the President of the Brazilian Development Bank (BNDES), the Superintendent of the Superintendency for the Development of the Northeast (Sudene) and the Secretary of the Brazilian Association of Graduate Programs in Economics (ANPEC).

Sanction of Law No. 12712 which approved a R\$ 4 billion contribution to Banco do Nordeste – President Dilma Rousseff enacted Law No. 12712, which resulted from the passing of Provisional Executive Act (MP) 564 into law. This law regulates the Brasil Maior Plan, ensuring a R\$ 4 billion contribution to Banco do Nordeste up until 2014, and was published in the Federal Official Gazette of August 31, 2012. As from 2014, in accordance with these provisions, Banco do Nordeste will be exempt from paying the Federal Government dividends and interest on equity and will pay the minimum amount of 25% on adjusted net income, which shall also impact the Bank's capital increase. This Law also establishes that the funds originated from the Fund for the Development of the Northeast (FDNE) shall have the Bank as their preferred operator. Additionally, aforementioned law annually allocates 1.5% of such funds to pay for technology, development and research activities of regional interest. These funds shall be fully managed by Banco do Nordeste.

New President of Banco do Nordeste takes office – On September 6, 2012, Finance Minister Guido Mantega rose Ary Joel de Abreu Lanzarin to the position of President of Banco do Nordeste. This ceremony occurred at the Bank's Administrative Center in Fortaleza (CE). Having climbed the career ladder at Banco do Brasil, Ary Joel held a position as Distribution Director at that government-controlled bank, previously working as a Micro and Small Businesses Director. He holds a degree in Executive Services Management and an MBA in "High-level Executives Development" and "Executives in Advanced Business Management". Among his most recent activities are the following: advisor of Sebrae Nacional, chairman of the Guarantee Fund Guidance Committee and vice-chairman of the Brazilian Association of Financial Institutions for Development (ABDE). Besides the Finance Minister, the National Integration and Social Security Ministers, the President of the Board of Directors of Banco do Nordeste, the Governor of the State of Ceará, as well as senators, representatives, former presidents of the Bank and agents from institutions which are partners in regional development attended this ceremony.

OPERATING PERFORMANCE

Banco do Nordeste took out approximately R\$ 4.5 billion in the third quarter of 2012, referring to 935,486 transactions involving loans, financing, capital markets and Fund for the Development of the Northeast (FDNE) disbursements with risks for the Bank, which presented an 11.4% increase in number and a 19.3% decrease in value as compared to the third quarter of 2011. In the period from January to September 2012, 2,751,954 transactions were carried out, involving loans, financing, capital markets and FDNE disbursements with risks for the Bank in the amount of R\$ 14.2 billion, which represents a 17.6% increase in number and a 5.5% decrease in the contracted amount as compared to the same period of 2011.

The funds involved in the long-term loan transactions originated mostly from the Brazilian Financing Fund for the Northeast (FNE). In the third quarter of 2012, the funds taken out with FNE amounted to R\$ 2.2 billion, with 143,375 transactions carried out, which represents a 21.0% increase in the number of operations and a 22.6% decrease in the amount taken out in the same period of 2011. From January to September 2012, Banco do Nordeste took out R\$ 6.1 billion in funds from FNE, which is a 16.9% decrease as compared to the same period in 2011, for a total 351,881 loan transactions, amount which is 7.0% higher than the amount taken out in the period from January to September 2011.

Through its urban guided productive microcredit program (Crediamigo), Banco do Nordeste disbursed R\$ 1.0 billion, contracting 673,974 operations in the third quarter of 2012, as support to micro-entrepreneurs across its area of operation. In the third quarter of 2011, R\$ 718.9 million was disbursed, contracting 569,528 operations. By comparing both periods, Banco do Nordeste increased disbursements by 41.2% and the number of operations by 18.3%. From January to September 2012, R\$ 3.0 billion was disbursed as regards Crediamigo, contracting 2,010,135 operations, a 48.9% increase in disbursements and a 27.6% increase in the number of operations as compared to the same period in 2011.

As regards the Family Farming Strengthening Program (Pronaf), Banco do Nordeste took out 132,492 loans involving funds for R\$ 614.8 million in the third quarter of 2012, which represents an increase in value taken out by 20.6% as compared to the third quarter of 2011. From January to September 2012, Banco do Nordeste contracted R\$ 1.3 billion at Pronaf level, through 323,351 loan transactions, an increase in value by 35.7% and in the number of operations by 6.4% as compared to the same period in 2011.

Worth noting is that at Pronaf level BNB operates Agroamigo, a productive microcredit program guided to the rural area, taking out R\$ 248.5 million in the third quarter of 2012, with 100,981 operations carried out with small-scale family farmers, an increase in value by 10.4% and in the number of operations by 0.6% as compared to the same period in 2011. From January to September 2012, Banco do Nordeste contracted 269,857 operations with Agroamigo amounting to R\$ 656.7 million, an increase in value by 18.9% and a reduction in the number of operations by 1.4% as compared to the same period in 2011.

As regards the BNB's guided productive microcredit as a whole involving Crediamigo for the urban area and Agroamigo for the rural area, nearly R\$ 1.3 billion was disbursed in the third quarter of 2012, contracting 774,955 operations as a support to micro-entrepreneurs of urban and rural areas across its area of operation, with an increase in disbursed value by 33.8% and in the number of operations by 15.7% as compared to the same period in 2011. From January to September 2012, Banco do Nordeste contracted 2,279,992 operations involving its two micro-credit programs, Crediamigo and Agroamigo, having disbursed R\$ 3.6 billion, with an increase in disbursed value by 42.4% and in the number of operations by 23.3% as compared to the same period in 2011.

As regards the support to micro and small enterprises, Banco do Nordeste contracted 22,972 financing operations for R\$ 660.0 million over the third quarter of 2012, which is a decrease in value taken out by 4.3% and a decrease in the number of operations by 20.0% as compared to the third quarter of 2011. From January to September 2012, Banco do Nordeste contracted approximately R\$ 1.9 billion for a total 68,885 loan transactions carried out with micro and small companies, a decrease in value by 0.4% and in the number of operations by 15.6% as compared to the same period in 2011.

As regards financial results, Banco do Nordeste recorded net loss amounting to R\$ 15.4 million in the third quarter of 2012. From January to September 2012, net income recorded totaled R\$ 230.6 million.

CVM RULE No. 381, of 01/14/2003

As regards CVM Resolution No. 381, of 01/14/2003, Banco do Nordeste informs that Ernst & Young Terco Auditores Independentes S/S, engaged as its external auditor, did not provide any services other than external audit in the third quarter of 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Quarters ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

Amounts expressed in thousands of Brazilian reais (R\$), unless otherwise stated

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NOTE 1 - The Bank and its characteristics

Banco do Nordeste do Brasil S.A. (the “Bank”) is a private legal entity operating regionally as a public financial institution under Federal Law No. 1649, of July 19, 1952, established at Avenida Pedro Ramalho, No. 5700, Passaré, Fortaleza, Ceará, Brazil. The Bank was structured as a publicly-traded mixed capital corporation and its mission is to operate, in the capacity of a public financial institution, as a catalytic agent in promoting the sustainable development of the Northeast, integrating it into the domestic economic dynamics. Banco do Nordeste is authorized to operate all the portfolios permitted for multiple service banks, except the mortgage loan portfolio. As an institution devoted to regional development, the Bank acts as the executive agent of public policies and is responsible for managing the Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund (FNE), - the main source of funds utilized by the Bank for long-term financing - and the operation of the National Family Farming Strengthening Program (PRONAF) in its jurisdiction. It is also the operator of the Northeast Investment Fund (FINOR) and the Fund for the Development of the Northeast (FDNE), the latter created in 2001 and amended in 2007 by Supplementary Law 125, which recreated the Northeast Development Authority (SUDENE). In 1998, the Bank created its Oriented Productive Microcredit Program (Crediamigo), which facilitates access to credit by thousands of small entrepreneurs who engage in production-related, product sale, and service activities. In addition to federal funds, the Bank has access to other sources of financing in the domestic and foreign markets through partnerships and alliances with domestic and foreign institutions, including multilateral institutions, such as the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB).

NOTE 2 - Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Brazilian Corporate Law, as amended by Laws No. 11638 and No. 11941, of 12/28/2007 and 05/27/2009, respectively, and regulations of the National Monetary Council (CMN), the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN), and the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM), and are presented in accordance with the Standard Chart of Accounts for National Financial Institutions (COSIF).

The Bank's financial statements contain the pronouncements issued by the Brazilian FASB (CPC) in the process of convergence between the Brazilian accounting standards and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), in accordance with the standards edited by the National Monetary Council (CMN) and those approved by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) that are in line with CMN standards, as follows:

- CPC 00 – Conceptual Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements (CMN Resolution No. 4144, of 09/27/2012);
- CPC 01 - Impairment of Assets (CMN Resolution No. 3566, of 05/29/2008);
- CPC 03 - Statements of Cash Flows (CMN Resolution No. 3604, of 08/29/2008);
- CPC 05 - Related-Party Disclosures (CMN Resolution No. 3750, of 06/30/2009);
- CPC 23 – Accounting policies, changes in estimates and correction of errors (CMN Resolution No. 4007, of 08/25/2011);
- CPC 24 – Subsequent Events (CMN Resolution No. 3973, of 5/26/2011);
- CPC 25 - Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets (CMN Resolution No. 3823, of 12/16/2009);
- CPC 09 – Statement of Value Added (CVM Resolution No. 557, of 11/12/2008);

- CPC 22 – Segment Reporting (CVM Resolution No. 582, of 7/31/2009);
- CPC 27 – Property, Plant and Equipment (CVM Resolution No. 583, of 7/31/2009);
- CPC 32 – Income Taxes (CVM Resolution No. 599, of 9/15/2009);
- CPC 33 - Employee Benefits (CVM Resolution No. 600, of 10/7/2009); and
- CPC 40 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures (CVM Resolution No. 604, of 11/19/2009).

NOTE 3 – Summary of significant accounting practices

a) Functional currency

The Bank's functional and reporting currency is the Brazilian real.

Assets and liabilities in foreign currency are initially recorded at the average exchange rate in force at the date of transaction, and nonmonetary assets are initially recorded at the historical cost.

At the end of each period, monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency are adjusted by the average exchange rate, and variations are recognized in profit or loss.

b) Criteria for recognizing revenue and expenses

Revenue and expenses are recognized every month on the accrual basis, considering the "pro rata temporis" criterion.

c) Current and long-term assets and liabilities

Assets and rights are stated at realizable values, plus, if applicable, income earned and currency adjustments and foreign exchange fluctuation, less unearned income or allowance, if applicable. Liabilities are stated at original amounts plus, if applicable, incurred interest and currency adjustments and foreign exchange fluctuation, less deferred expenses. Available funds from FNE (Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund) are classified in current and long-term liabilities according to the expected outflow of funds.

Receivables and payables are recorded in Current and Long-term Assets and Liabilities, respectively, according to maturity dates.

d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents correspond to the balances of cash, short-term interbank investments, and marketable securities immediately convertible into cash or with original maturity equal to or less than ninety days, presenting an insignificant risk of changes in fair value.

e) Short-term interbank investments

Short-term interbank investments are recorded at application or acquisition cost, plus income earned and adjusted by the allowance for losses, when applicable.

f) Marketable securities

Marketable securities are recorded at cost, plus brokerage and other fees, and are classified and accounted for as described below:

Available-for-sale securities: securities not classified as either trading securities or held-to-maturity securities and reported at market value, net of taxes, with unrealized gains and losses reported in a separate component of equity; and

Held-to-maturity securities: securities that the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity and stated at acquisition cost, plus income earned, included in income for the period.

The classification of Available-for-sale securities and Held-to-maturity securities into current and long-term assets was determined according to their maturities, which does not represent the unavailability of the securities, which are of the highest quality and highly liquid.

g) Derivative financial instruments

Banco do Nordeste limits its operations in the derivative market to swap transactions intended solely to hedge its asset and liability positions.

Swap transactions are recorded in balance sheet and memorandum accounts, according to their nature, based on the prevailing accounting standards and legal provisions.

Derivative financial instruments are stated at market value on monthly trial balances and balances and gains or losses are recorded in revenue or expense accounts.

Hedge accounting

Considering the risk of foreign exchange exposure and conditions of the funding market abroad through long-term Senior Unsecured Notes, the Bank designated derivative financial instruments (swap agreements) to fully hedge the loans raised

and corresponding interest payable (market risk hedge). In order to equalize the effects of mark-to-market of derivatives designated as hedging instruments, the hedged item is also marked-to-market.

Changes in the market value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments are recognized in the statement of income. However, the mark-to-market of the hedged item is recorded as part of its book value, and is also recognized in the statement of income for the period. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, cancelled or exercised, or when the hedging position does not fall under hedge accounting conditions, the hedging relationship ends.

The risk management objectives and the hedging strategy of such risks during the entire transaction are adequately documented, and so is the assessment of the effectiveness of the transaction. A hedge is expected to be highly effective if the changes in the market value or cash flow attributed to the hedging instrument offsets the changes in the market value of the hedged item, in an interval between 80% and 125%.

The market values of derivative financial instruments used for hedging purposes and of the hedged item are disclosed in Note 7.c.1.

h) Lending operations, advances on foreign exchange contracts, other receivables with loan characteristics and allowances for loan losses

Lending operations, advances on foreign exchange contracts, and other receivables with loan characteristics are classified in accordance with Management's judgment on risk level, taking into consideration the economic scenario, past experience and specific risks related to the operation, creditors and guarantors, considering the standards established by CMN Resolution No. 2682 of 12/21/1999, which require the periodic analysis of the portfolio and its rating into nine risk levels, where AA is the minimum risk and H is the maximum risk, as well as the classification of operations in arrears for more than 15 days as past due operations.

Income from lending operations over 59 days past due, regardless of the risk level, is only recognized when realized.

H-rated operations remain under this rating for 180 days, when they are then written off against the existing allowance and controlled for five years, no longer being included in the balance sheet.

Renegotiated operations remain at least at the same risk level into which they were classified.

Renegotiated lending operations that have been written off against the allowance are rated as H, and possible recoveries are recognized as income when received.

i) Prepaid expenses

These refer to funds used in advanced payments, whose benefits or service rendering will occur in coming years.

j) Permanent assets

Investments are stated at cost, net of allowance for losses.

Property and equipment in use includes depreciation calculated under the straight-line method at the following annual rates: Buildings - 4%; data processing systems and vehicles - 20%; tractors and motorcycles - 25%; and other items - 10%. Property and equipment in use include revaluation amount.

Deferred charges include expenses on third-party properties and purchase and development of software acquired through September 30, 2008 and include amortization calculated under the straight-line method at the annual rate of 20%.

CMN Resolution No. 3617, of 09/30/2008, determines that any balances of property and equipment and deferred charges existing before the Resolution came into effect that have been recorded based on prior standards should be maintained until such balances are actually written off.

k) Income tax, social contribution tax, Pasep and Cofins

Corporate income tax (IRPJ) is calculated at the rate of 15% plus a 10% surcharge (on amounts in excess of R\$ 60 for the quarter), and social contribution tax on net profit (CSLL) is calculated at the rate of 15%, after the adjustments defined in tax law. Tax credits and deferred liabilities are calculated, basically, on temporary differences between accounting and tax income, on allowances for loan losses and mark-to-market of marketable securities and derivative financial instruments.

In accordance with current regulation, the expected realization of tax credits is based on the projection of future earnings and on technical studies carried out every six months.

Public Service Employee Savings Program (Pasep) and Social Contribution Tax on Gross Revenue for Social Security Financing (COFINS) are calculated at the rates of 0.65% and 4.00%, respectively.

l) Employee benefits

The Bank grants its employees short-term and post-employment benefits. Short-term benefits are recognized and measured at their original amounts (excluding the effect of the discount to present value or actuarial calculation) based on the monthly accrual basis of accounting.

Existing post-employment benefits refer to defined benefit and variable contribution pension plans, and a defined benefit health care plan.

The policy adopted for the recognition of actuarial gains and losses, as of December 2010, is consistent with the provisions of item 93 of the Appendix to CVM Resolution No. 600, of 10/7/2009, that is, actuarial gains and losses are immediately recognized as revenue or expense.

m) Impairment testing

Impairment losses are recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The amounts of significant nonfinancial assets are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss.

n) Contingent assets and contingent liabilities and legal obligations

Contingent assets, contingent liabilities and legal obligations are recognized, measured and disclosed according to the criteria defined in CMN Resolution No. 3823, of December 16, 2009.

Contingent assets are recognized in the financial statements only when their realization can be reliably evidenced, which may be the final and unappealable decision on a lawsuit or the confirmation of its recoverability, either through the receipt or offset against another liability.

Contingent liabilities are recognized in the financial statements when, based on the opinion of legal advisors and Management, the risk of loss on a legal or administrative proceeding is considered probable, the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow of resources, and the amounts involved can be reliably measured, which are quantified upon court reference/notice and reviewed as required by court and monetarily restated on a monthly basis.

Legal obligations derive from tax obligations and a provision in their full amount is recognized in the financial statements, regardless of the likelihood of success in ongoing lawsuits.

o) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements includes estimates and assumptions, such as the measurement of allowances for loan losses, estimates of certain financial instruments' fair values, provision for contingencies, impairment losses, and other provisions, such as actuarial liabilities with health care plans and pension plans. Actual profit or loss could differ from such estimates and assumptions.

NOTE 4 – Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Bank is organized into two operating segments based on products and services:

a) Own Portfolio - comprises own portfolio products and services such as lending and market operations, fund management and provision of other banking services and collaterals; and

b) FNE - comprises lending operations within the scope of FNE and the provision of portfolio management services.

The Bank's management manages operating income (expenses) separately in order to make decisions on the fund allocation and performance evaluation. The performance of each segment is determined based on the financial margin plus bank fees.

As at September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, no revenue from transactions with one single external customer accounted for 10% or more of the Bank's total revenues.

The table below, prepared in the format used by the Bank's management, shows information on revenues, costs, expenses and financial margin of operating segments. Administrative expenses, as well as other expenses not directly allocated to each operating segment, are classified as corporate expenses and were included in column "Total":

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012			01/01 to 09/30/2011		
	Own portfolio	FNE	Total	Own portfolio	FNE	Total
Revenue	2,796,401	1,058,523	3,854,924	2,389,441	1,041,523	3,430,964
Lending operations	1,410,624	-	1,410,624	1,355,836	-	1,355,836
Marketable Securities transactions	649,043	371,857	1,020,900	581,094	434,835	1,015,929
Derivative financial instruments	114,245	-	114,245	29,041	-	29,041
Gains (losses) on foreign exchange transactions	139,627	-	139,627	148,619	-	148,619
Gains (losses) on compulsory investments	15,525	-	15,525	16,134	-	16,134
Sale or transfer of financial assets	2,169	-	2,169	-	-	-
Other revenue	465,168	686,666	1,151,834	258,717	606,688	865,405
Expenses	(1,697,599)	(873,148)	(2,570,747)	(1,189,779)	(673,856)	(1,863,635)
Expenses on open market funding operations	(784,341)	-	(784,341)	(799,464)	-	(799,464)
Expenses on borrowings and onlending	(491,586)	(355,127)	(846,713)	(278,101)	(414,766)	(692,867)
Sale or transfer of financial assets	(2)	-	(2)	-	-	-
Allowance for loan losses	(395,280)	(488,223)	(883,503)	(112,214)	(258,953)	(371,167)
Other contingent liabilities (Note 20.g)	(26,390)	(29,633)	(56,023)			
Proagro provision receivable	-	(165)	(165)	-	(137)	(137)
Financial margin	1,098,802	185,375	1,284,177	1,199,662	367,667	1,567,329
Revenue from services provided	(23,533)	1,042,114	1,018,581	176,362	794,216	970,578
Revenue from fees, rates and commissions	20,327	-	20,327	17,753	-	17,753
Pasep and Cofins ⁽¹⁾	(50,140)	(80,251)	(130,391)	(58,187)	(68,324)	(126,511)
Income (loss) after fees and commissions	1,045,456	1,147,238	2,192,694	1,335,590	1,093,559	2,429,149
Administrative expenses			(1,885,830)			(1,304,546)
Personnel expenses			(1,270,321)			(735,140)
Depreciation and amortization			(21,749)			(20,395)
Other administrative expenses			(593,760)			(549,011)
Other expenses			(400,773)			(369,414)
Expenses on provision, except allowance for loan losses			(50,210)			(48,299)
Income before taxes and profit sharing			(144,118)			706,890
Income and social contribution taxes			396,747			(239,457)
Profit sharing			(22,004)			(47,637)
Net income			230,625			419,796

(1) The expenses referring to Pasep and Cofins on service import amounting to R\$ 223 (R\$ 31 at September 30, 2011) comprise Other Expenses

NOTE 5 – Cash and cash equivalents

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Cash in local currency	101,296	94,777
Cash in foreign currency	4,035	2,309
Total cash	105,331	97,086
Investments in marketable securities	-	4,016
Interbank investments	6,143,205	3,084,591
Total cash and cash equivalents (Note 27.c)	6,248,536	3,185,693

NOTE 6 - Interbank investments

a) Breakdown

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
a) Open market investments	6,303,860	3,036,454
Resale agreements pending settlement-Own portfolio	6,143,205	3,002,525
Resale agreements pending settlement-Third-party portfolio	160,655	33,929
b) Interbank deposits	120,293	203,829
Investments in foreign currency	15,290	14,987
Interbank deposits	105,003	188,842
Total	6,424,153	3,240,283
Total current	6,424,153	3,240,283

b) Income from interbank investments

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
a) Income from open market investments (Note 7.b)	288,755	268,509
Own portfolio	281,105	261,024
Third-party portfolio	7,650	7,485
b) Income from interbank deposits (Note 7.b)	16,294	26,864
Total	305,049	295,373

NOTE 7- Marketable securities and derivative financial instruments

a) Marketable securities

The adjusted cost (plus income earned) and the market value of marketable securities are as follows:

a.1) Marketable securities portfolio

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Available-for-sale securities	10,847,486	10,049,334
Held-to-maturity securities	17,015	13,559
Swap differential receivable	179,780	44,894
Total	11,044,281	10,107,787
Total current	538,592	233,192
Total long-term	10,505,689	9,874,595

a.2) Available-for-sale securities

Specification	09/30/2012				12/31/2011			
	Cost	Market value	Mark-to-market	Maturity year	Cost	Market value	Mark-to-market	Maturity year
Fixed-income securities	10,239,365	10,374,574	135,209		9,527,312	9,530,187	2,875	
Financial Treasury Bills	7,866,692	7,866,684	(8)	2013 to 2018	7,461,949	7,462,115	166	2012 to 2018
National Treasury Bills	8	8	-	2014	-	-	-	
National Treasury Notes	1,116,776	1,399,434	282,658	2050	1,091,120	1,141,978	50,858	2050
Financial Bills	419,989	392,499	(27,490)	2014 to 2016	30,302	30,302	-	2016
Debentures	797,599	705,128	(92,471)	2013 to 2018	898,502	876,719	(21,783)	2013 to 2018
Bank credit notes (CCB)	5,418	5,227	(191)	2013	13,588	13,370	(218)	2013
Federal government securities (FCVS)	6,875	5,352	(1,523)	2027	7,328	5,518	(1,810)	2027
Federal government securities – Other	25,692	-	(25,692)	1993	24,270	-	(24,270)	1993
Agricultural debt securities	316	242	(74)	2012 to 2022	253	185	(68)	2012 to 2022
Investment fund shares	15,877	14,522	(1,355)		14,750	13,434	(1,316)	
Social development fund (FDS)	1,355	-	(1,355)	2014	1,316	-	(1,316)	2014
Receivables Investment Fund (FIDC) shares	14,156	14,156	-	2014	13,079	13,079	-	2014
Investment Guarantee Fund (FGI)	242	242	-	No maturity	235	235	-	No maturity
Transaction Guarantee Fund (FGO)	124	124	-	No maturity	120	120	-	No maturity
Variable-income securities	144,159	183,131	38,972		144,159	227,146	82,987	
Other tax incentives (FINOR)	4,211	264	(3,947)	No maturity	4,211	428	(3,783)	No maturity
Shares of publicly-traded companies	139,948	182,867	42,919	No maturity	139,948	226,718	86,770	No maturity
Linked to guarantees ⁽¹⁾	276,255	275,259	(996)		279,532	278,567	(965)	
Financial Treasury Bills	271,532	271,537	5	2013 to 2018	275,236	275,268	32	2013 to 2017
Federal government securities – Other	760	87	(673)	1993 to 2027	614	-	(614)	1993
Debentures	3,963	3,635	(328)	2018	3,682	3,299	(383)	2018
Total	10,675,656	10,847,486	171,830		9,965,753	10,049,334	83,581	
Tax credit (Note 10.d)	-	-	77,186		-	-	23,453	
Provision for deferred taxes and contributions (Note 16.d)	-	-	(145,918)		-	-	(56,885)	
Total mark-to-market	-	-	103,098		-	-	50,149	

(1) Breakdown: Stock Broking Guarantees R\$ 145,779 (R\$ 136,654 at 12/31/2011); Settlement House Operation Guarantees R\$ 1,650 (R\$ 1,546 at 12/31/2011); Litigation Guarantees R\$ 112,809 (R\$ 117,816 at 12/31/2011); and Other Guarantees R\$ 15,022 (R\$ 22,551 at 12/31/2011).

Account “Federal government securities - Other” records cash investments in government securities called by the National Treasury as NUCL910801 maturing on August 31, 1993, but not yet redeemed by the National Treasury, and CVSB970101, maturing on January 1, 2027.

In view of the classification of assets into the “Available-for-sale securities”, the amount of R\$ 171,830 (R\$ 83,581 at December 31, 2011) was recorded in the Bank’s equity, under “Valuation Adjustments to equity”. This adjustment, net of taxes, corresponds to R\$ 103,098 (R\$ 50,149 at December 31, 2011).

a.3) Held-to-maturity securities

Specification	09/30/2012			12/31/2011		
	Cost	Market value	Maturity year	Cost	Market value	Maturity year
Fixed-income securities	17,015	17,015		13,559	13,559	
Investment Fund Shares - Northeast Entrepreneur	2,020	2,020	2013	1,691	1,691	2013
National Treasury Notes - NTN - P	244	244	2013 to 2014	453	453	2012 to 2014
Investment Fund Shares - CRIATEC	10,617	10,617	2017	8,609	8,609	2017
FIP Brasil Agronegócios	4,134	4,134	2018	2,806	2,806	2018
Total	17,015	17,015		13,559	13,559	

a.4) In the third quarter of 2012, no reclassifications of marketable securities into the categories above were made, and no held-to-maturity securities were sold.

a.5) The following criteria, in the order or priority defined below, were adopted to determine the market value:

- 1st – Market prices published by the National Association of Financial Market Institutions (Anbima) and BM&FBovespa;
- 2nd – Goodwill/negative goodwill over the past 3 months registered with Cetip S.A. – Mercados Organizados;
- 3rd – Calculation of probable realizable value based on a Bank's own pricing model.

b) Income (loss) from marketable securities

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Interbank investments (Note 6.b)	288,755	268,509
Interbank deposits (Note 6.b)	16,294	26,864
Fixed-income securities	709,085	717,768
Variable-income securities	6,766	2,788
Total	1,020,900	1,015,929

c) Derivative financial instruments

Banco do Nordeste operates under a conservative investment policy focused on investing strictly under the conditions and rates established by the sources of the funds in order to avoid any mismatching among assets and liabilities in terms of maturities, interest rates and indices.

As at September 30, 2012, the Bank has swap transactions registered with Cetip (Clearinghouse for the Custody and Financial Settlement of Securities), and the notional value of these transactions is recorded in memorandum accounts (notional amount) and the related book value is recorded under the accounts 'Differential Payable' and 'Differential Receivable', as shown below:

Breakdown as at 09/30/2012							
Specification	Notional value	Fair value		Curve		Mark-to-market	
		Receivable	Payable	Receivable	Payable	Positive	Negative
Asset position							
Foreign currency (U.S. dollar)	1,087,635	179,780	-	112,369	-	67,411	-
Liability position							
Fixed rate	237,862	-	13,588	-	2,364	-	11,224
Total	1,325,497	179,780	13,588	112,369	2,364	67,411	11,224

Breakdown as at 12/31/2011							
Specification	Notional value	Fair value		Curve		Mark-to-market	
		Receivable	Payable	Receivable	Payable	Positive	Negative
Asset position							
Foreign currency (U.S. dollar)	509,020	44,769	-	44,338	-	431	-
Liability position							
Fixed rate	360,759	125	21,128	125	7,147	-	13,981
Total	869,779	44,894	21,128	44,463	7,147	431	13,981

Specification	09/30/2012		12/31/2011	
	Differential receivable	Differential payable	Differential receivable	Differential payable
Up to 3 months	-	382	9	580
3 to 12 months	-	2,148	25	7,035
1 to 3 years	-	7,699	56	10,639
3 to 5 years	113,369	3,359	44,804	2,874
5 to 15 years	66,411	-	-	-
Total	179,780	13,588	44,894	21,128

c.1) Derivative financial instruments classified into market risk hedge (hedge accounting)

Specification	09/30/2012			12/31/2011		
	Curve yield ⁽¹⁾	Market value ⁽¹⁾	Mark-to-market	Curve yield ⁽¹⁾	Market value ⁽¹⁾	Mark-to-market
Hedging instruments						
Swap – Foreign currency (U.S. dollar)	1,237,558	1,304,969	67,411	561,870	562,301	(431)
Hedged item						
Eurobonds – Senior Unsecured Notes	1,238,027	1,305,905	67,878	565,687	566,822	1,135

⁽¹⁾ Net of taxes in relation to the Hedged item

The transaction was assessed as effective under Bacen Circular No. 3082, of January 30, 2002, based on the financial flows (principal and interest) of the hedged item, Eurobonds – Senior Unsecured Notes, and of hedging instruments (swap agreements).

Considering the risk of foreign exchange exposure and conditions of the funding market abroad through Eurobonds – Senior Unsecured Notes, the Bank entered into swap agreements to fully hedge the loans raised and corresponding interest payable, classified according to their nature as market risk hedge. The hedged principal, plus interest payable, is stated at market value, and any changes are recorded as part of the book value, recognized in the statement of income for the three-month period.

Considering that the financial flow (principal and interest) of the hedged item (Eurobonds – Senior Unsecured Notes) and financial flows of financial instruments (swaps) designated are identical, the effectiveness expected from the designation of hedging instruments and throughout the transaction is in line with the requirements of the Central Bank of Brazil.

c.2) Other derivative financial instruments

Specification	09/30/2012			12/31/2011		
	Curve yield	Market value	Mark-to-market	Curve yield	Market value	Mark-to-market
Swap – Fixed rate	260,677	271,901	(11,224)	439,285	453,266	(13,981)

c.3) Breakdown of the margin given in guarantee of derivative transactions

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Eurobonds – Senior Unsecured Notes	-	8,472
Total	-	8,472

d) Income (loss) from derivative financial instruments

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Swap	114,245	29,041
Total	114,245	29,041

NOTE 8 – Interbank accounts – Restricted deposits

a) Restricted deposits

Specification	09/30/2012			12/31/2011		
	Gross amount	Allowance	Net amount	Gross amount	Allowance	Net amount
Mandatory payments – Savings accounts	253,790	-	253,790	223,654	-	223,654
Compulsory reserves - Cash funds	38,168	-	38,168	36,909	-	36,909
National Housing System (SFH)	59,282	(22,624)	36,658	56,892	(24,523)	32,369
National Treasury - Rural credit	7,327	(1,159)	6,168	6,632	(1,226)	5,406
Total	358,567	(23,783)	334,784	324,087	(25,749)	298,338
Total current	299,282	(1,159)	298,123	266,773	(1,226)	265,547
Total long-term	59,285	(22,624)	36,661	57,314	(24,523)	32,791

b) Income (loss) from compulsory investments

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/201 2	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Income from restricted deposits - Central Bank of Brazil	11,093	11,323
Income from restricted deposits - SFH	2,391	2,623
Income from restricted deposits - Rural credit	44	85
Devaluation of restricted deposits	1,997	2,103
Total	15,525	16,134

NOTE 9 – Loan portfolio and allowance for loan losses

a) Loan portfolio and allowance for loan losses

Specification	09/30/2012		12/31/2011	
	Gross amount	Allowance	Gross amount	Allowance
Loans	10,995,912	(671,200)	11,212,168	(621,838)
Current	5,204,099	(318,321)	5,251,775	(301,060)
Long-term	5,791,813	(352,879)	5,960,393	(320,778)
Other accounts with loan features	642,194	(32,016)	586,892	(8,222)
Current	128,512	(32,016)	147,451	(3,555)
Long-term	513,682	-	439,441	(4,667)
Total	11,638,106	(703,216)	11,799,060	(630,060)

a.1) Breakdown of loan portfolio

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Advances to depositors	162	90
Loans	4,886,544	5,002,849
Discounted notes	150,776	175,036
Financing	2,010,099	1,968,974
Financing in foreign currency	375,472	275,591
Refinancing with Federal Government (Note 29.a.1)	455,673	473,643
Rural and agro-industrial financing	1,297,534	1,466,409
Real estate financing ⁽¹⁾	243	243
Infrastructure and development financing	1,819,409	1,849,333
Subtotal of lending operations	10,995,912	11,212,168
Income receivable from advances	14,603	12,866
Debtors for purchase of assets	1,817	1,517
Notes and credits receivable	16,169	3,348
Advances on exchange contracts ⁽²⁾ (Note 11.a)	492,804	569,161
Restricted deposits from transactions acquired in an assignment	116,801	-
Subtotal of other accounts with loan features	642,194	586,892
Total	11,638,106	11,799,060

⁽¹⁾ Refer to transactions contracted before the discontinuance of the real estate financing activities.

⁽²⁾ Accounts classified as "Other obligations/Exchange portfolio".

a.2) Income from lending operations

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Loans and discounted notes	702,559	669,335
Financing	522,925	498,691
Rural and agro-industrial financing	123,300	111,186
Recovery of receivables written off as loss	61,175	76,493
Guarantees and sureties honored	-	1
Other	665	130
Total	1,410,624	1,355,836

b) Breakdown by maturity

b.1) Normal ⁽¹⁾

Business sector	01 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	91 to 180 days	181 to 360 days	Over 360 days	Total at 09/30/2012	Total at 12/31/2011
Rural	19,925	15,464	56,787	41,953	38,853	1,079,200	1,252,182	1,417,533
Manufacturing	115,355	116,787	144,532	190,636	337,866	1,375,623	2,280,799	3,086,085
Government	6,025	6,025	6,025	31,243	36,168	1,279,940	1,365,426	1,331,046
Other services	471,110	382,323	380,415	644,233	758,657	1,496,370	4,133,108	2,981,119
Trading	159,710	91,510	139,525	262,065	639,060	320,375	1,612,245	2,201,748
Financial	8,190	5,691	5,758	17,274	33,054	194,713	264,680	261,179
Housing	1,122	747	623	799	157	20	3,468	243
Individuals	4,350	4,053	3,975	11,699	10,673	19,380	54,130	45,541
Total	785,787	622,600	737,640	1,199,902	1,854,488	5,765,621	10,966,038	11,324,494

⁽¹⁾ Include past due receivables up to 14 days.

b.2) Past due

Falling due								
Business sector	01 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	91 to 180 days	181 to 360 days	Over 360 days	Total at 09/30/2012	Total at 12/31/2011
Rural	352	396	909	1,547	5,231	12,356	20,791	18,542
Manufacturing	4,651	4,699	4,919	12,268	23,490	50,005	100,032	63,854
Other services	5,465	11,117	3,790	8,480	12,336	24,974	66,162	74,589
Trading	10,149	16,598	7,790	19,415	25,688	46,210	125,850	106,537
Financial	122	117	118	406	874	1,009	2,646	3,840
Housing	4	3	2	2	1	-	12	-
Individuals	290	420	412	747	1,295	1,314	4,478	4,057
Total	21,033	33,350	17,940	42,865	68,915	135,868	319,971	271,419

Past due									
Business sector	01 to 14 days	15 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	91 to 180 days	181 to 360 days	Over 360 days	Total at 09/30/2012	Total at 12/31/2011
Rural	159	6,206	7,910	1,013	3,434	2,516	11,804	33,042	38,534
Manufacturing	1,393	17,655	13,207	10,625	10,780	24,583	1,610	79,853	39,175
Other services	776	12,212	35,031	10,650	24,408	28,704	536	112,317	60,627
Trading	1,750	6,012	12,701	53,866	22,093	19,871	3,179	119,472	60,131
Financial	11	117	109	122	412	706	765	2,242	944
Housing	-	4	14	-	1	-	-	19	-
Individuals	37	530	618	511	1,474	1,861	121	5,152	3,736
Total	4,126	42,736	69,590	76,787	62,602	78,241	18,015	352,097	203,147

c) Breakdown by risk level

Risk level	09/30/2012				12/31/2011			
	Current ⁽¹⁾	Past due	Total portfolio	Allowance	Current ⁽¹⁾	Past due	Total portfolio	Allowance
AA	2,877,721	-	2,877,721	-	3,315,259	-	3,315,259	-
A	4,482,629	-	4,482,629	22,413	5,094,425	-	5,094,425	25,472
B	2,440,735	67,926	2,508,661	25,087	2,218,403	34,180	2,252,583	22,526
C	266,489	123,775	390,264	11,708	261,866	41,691	303,557	9,106
D	603,504	89,620	693,124	69,312	139,191	50,527	189,718	18,972
E	33,422	55,598	89,020	26,706	32,618	43,662	76,280	22,884
F	9,524	32,408	41,932	20,966	16,203	24,800	41,003	20,502
G	45,696	46,744	92,440	64,709	28,007	24,117	52,124	36,487
H	206,318	255,997	462,315	462,315	218,522	255,589	474,111	474,111
Total	10,966,038	672,068	11,638,106	703,216	11,324,494	474,566	11,799,060	630,060

⁽¹⁾ Include past due receivables up to 14 days.

d) Changes in allowance for the period

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Opening balance	630,060	652,918
(+) Net allowance recognized for the period	394,888	215,557
(-) Receivables written off as loss for the period	(321,732)	(238,415)
(=) Allowance for loan losses	703,216	630,060
(+) Allowance for losses on other receivables without loan features (Note 10.e)	46,457	46,064
(=) Allowance for loan losses balance	749,673	676,124

e) Breakdown of the allowance expense balance

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
(+) Expenses on allowance for loan losses	366,526	164,406
(+) Expenses on allowance for losses on other receivables	28,363	1,510
(-) Reversal of operational allowances	(1)	(54,493)
(=) Balance of expenses on allowance with loan features	394,888	111,423
(+) Expenses on allowance for losses on other receivables without loan features	392	791
(-) Reversal of allowance for losses on other receivables without loan features	-	-
(=) Balance of expenses on allowance for loan losses	395,280	112,214

f) Up to the third quarter, receivables that had been written off as loss were recovered in the amount of R\$ 61,175 (R\$ 76,493 at September 30, 2011) and renegotiations of operations amounted to R\$ 646,043 (R\$ 471,560 at September 30, 2011).

g) Recovery of receivables with legal grounds

In conformity with Law No. 11322, of 07/13/2006, Law No. 11775, of 09/17/2008, and Law No. 12249, of 06/11/2010, concerning rescheduling of debts arising from rural credit transactions, that provides for rebates in the debit balance, discounts for prompt payment of installments, reduction in interest rate, and extension of payment terms of the referred to transactions, a positive effect on the Bank's income, referring to 09/30/2012, was recognized in the amount of R\$ 56,545 (R\$ 127,322 at 09/30/2011), shown below. Pursuant to the mentioned laws, part of these transactions was acquired by the Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund (FNE):

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Income earned	17,849	48,301
Recovery of transactions written off from assets	23,211	26,859
Expenses on discounts	(5,420)	(16,180)
Net effect of allowances	20,905	68,342
Total	56,545	127,322

NOTE 10 - Other receivables

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
a) Foreign exchange portfolio (Note 11.a)	545,013	641,071
b) Income receivable	25,489	22,902
c) Securities trading	4	-
d) Other	2,082,295	1,280,317
Tax credits – temporary differences (Note 21.b)	869,121	250,629
Tax credits – marketable securities and derivatives (Notes 7.a.2 and 21.b)	77,186	23,453
Debtors for guarantee deposits	678,501	644,977
Taxes and contributions to be offset	156,578	207,830
From prepayments –SRF Regulation No. 90/92	146,860	200,124
Other	9,718	7,706
Tax incentive options	26,748	26,748
Notes and credits receivable	16,170	3,348
Salary advances and prepayments	21,019	2,095
Payments refundable	9,016	8,246
Recalculation, discounts, waivers and bonuses in BNDES transactions	3,551	4,843
Recalculation, discounts, waivers and bonuses in FAT transactions	8,399	26,648
Other	216,006	81,500
e) Allowance for losses on other receivables	(78,473)	(54,286)
Receivables with loan features (Note 9.a)	(32,016)	(8,222)
Receivables without loan features (Note 9.d)	(46,457)	(46,064)
Total	2,574,328	1,890,004
Total current	2,079,472	1,778,988
Total long-term	494,856	111,016

NOTE 11 – Foreign exchange portfolio

a) Breakdown

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Assets - Other receivables	545,013	641,071
Foreign exchange purchases pending settlement	526,668	627,494
Receivables for foreign exchange sold	7,197	762
Advances received in local currency	(3,455)	(51)
Income receivable from advances	14,603	12,866
Current assets (Note 10.a)	545,013	641,071
Liabilities – Other obligations	15,636	1,188
Foreign exchange purchased	501,279	569,584
Foreign exchange sold pending settlement	7,160	765
(Advances on foreign exchange contracts) (Note 9.a.1)	(492,804)	(569,161)
Other	1	-
Current liabilities (Note 16.b)	15,636	1,188

b) Income (loss) from foreign exchange portfolio

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Exchange income	140,159	149,096
Exchange expenses	(532)	(477)
Total	139,627	148,619

NOTE 12 - Permanent assets

a) Investments

Specification	12/31/2011	01/01/2012 to 09/30/2012			09/30/2012		
	Book balance	Changes		Book balance	Cost	Provision for impairment	Book balance
		Additions	Exclusions				
Tax incentive investments	-	-	-	-	5,011	(5,011)	-
Shares and units of interest	652	-	-	652	944	(292)	652
Artworks and valuable items	916	147	-	1,063	1,063	-	1,063
Total	1,568	147	-	1,715	7,018	(5,303)	1,715

b) Property and equipment

Specification	12/31/2011	01/01/2012 to 09/30/2012			09/30/2012			
	Book balance	Changes ⁽²⁾			Book balance	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book balance
		Additions	Exclusions	Depreciation				
Buildings	100,517	12,813	-	(6,999)	106,331	238,957	(132,626)	106,331
Data processing system	23,151	11,024	(2)	(6,955)	27,218	79,460	(52,242)	27,218
Furniture and equipment in use	22,087	4,156	(22)	(3,188)	23,033	54,381	(31,348)	23,033
Land	17,025	-	-	-	17,025	17,025	-	17,025
Facilities	7,259	547	(3)	(1,098)	6,705	16,708	(10,003)	6,705
Communication system	139	277	-	(19)	397	698	(301)	397
Construction in progress ⁽¹⁾	4,206	441	-	-	4,647	4,647	-	4,647
Security system	4,867	1,309	(1)	(767)	5,408	12,222	(6,814)	5,408
Transportation system	6,318	1,929	-	(2,118)	6,129	18,050	(11,921)	6,129
Total	185,569	32,496	(28)	(21,144)	196,893	442,148	(245,255)	196,893

(1) Refers to transfer to Buildings, considering the completion of the construction.

(2) Provision for impairment of property and equipment was not recorded.

c) Deferred charges

Specification	12/31/2011	01/01/2012 to 09/30/2012			09/30/2012			
	Book balance	Changes ⁽¹⁾			Book balance	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Book balance
		Additions	Exclusions	Amortization				
Leasehold improvements	1,695	-	-	(599)	1,096	3,515	(2,419)	1,096
Software development expenses	8	-	-	(6)	2	41	(39)	2
Total	1,703	-	-	(605)	1,098	3,556	(2,458)	1,098

(1) Provision for impairment of property and equipment was not recorded.

NOTE 13 – Deposits and open market funding

a) Deposits

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Demand deposits	130,394	183,624
Foreign currency deposits in the country	22,964	28,344
Government deposits	19,178	32,763
Restricted deposits	41,695	44,610
Legal entities	27,134	63,739
Individuals	18,317	11,978
Other	1,106	2,190
Savings deposits	1,501,771	1,329,994
Free savings deposits - Individuals	945,761	839,805
Free savings deposits – Legal entities	555,262	489,013
From related parties and Financial System Institutions	748	1,176
Interbank deposits	734,376	588,986
Time deposits	7,602,803	6,861,895
Time deposits	5,574,215	5,000,379
Interest-bearing escrow deposits	731,546	567,361
Interest-bearing special deposits/FAT – available funds (Note 26)	51,545	50,795
Proger Urbano	7,010	13,293
Pronaf	-	262
Protrabalho	971	3,320
Infrastructure	26,607	20,404
Drought	444	84
PNMPO – National Program for Guided Productive Microcredit	16,513	13,432
Interest-bearing special deposits/FAT – invested funds (Note 26)	581,622	571,594
Proger Urbano	63,774	62,810
Pronaf	-	561
Protrabalho	140,668	159,624
Infrastructure	229,765	249,455
Drought	7,200	9,838
PNMPO – National Program for Guided Productive Microcredit	140,215	89,306
FINOR/cash and cash equivalents and reinvestments – Law No. 8167	661,879	670,169
Other	1,996	1,597
Total	9,969,344	8,964,499
Total current	4,764,672	5,115,979
Total long-term	5,204,672	3,848,520

b) Open market funding

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Own portfolio	710,624	670,444
Financial Treasury Bills	710,624	670,444
Third-party portfolio	160,655	33,929
Financial Treasury Bills	122,636	33,929
National Treasury Notes	38,019	-
Total	871,279	704,373
Total current	802,350	637,812
Total long-term	68,929	66,561

c) Expenses on open market funding

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Deposit funding expenses	(730,477)	(743,626)
Time deposits	(310,542)	(418,698)
Savings deposits	(49,203)	(49,797)
Judicial deposits	(35,501)	(23,864)
Interbank deposits	(11,981)	(16,362)
Special deposits - FAT	(68,720)	(84,307)
Expenses on funds from acceptance and issuance of securities	(247,458)	-
Other deposits	(7,072)	(150,598)
Expenses on open market funding transactions	(53,864)	(55,838)
Third-party portfolio	(7,664)	(7,493)
Own portfolio	(46,200)	(48,345)
Total	(784,341)	(799,464)

NOTE 14 - Borrowings and onlending

a) Borrowings and onlending by maturity

Specification	0 to 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	5 to 15 years	Over 15 years	Total at 09/30/2012	Total at 12/31/2011
Domestic borrowings	-	17,954	17,263	-	-	-	35,217	49,532
Foreign borrowings	256,226	570,636	-	-	-	-	826,862	833,257
Domestic onlending	71,453	143,737	251,210	372,376	468,138	255,178	1,562,092	1,286,685
Foreign onlending	32,090	56,947	184,271	185,169	380,027	13,359	851,863	840,392
Total	359,769	789,274	452,744	557,545	848,165	268,537	3,276,034	3,009,866
Total current							1,149,043	1,104,486
Total long-term							2,126,991	1,905,380

b) Borrowings

Specification	Annual restatement rate - %	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Domestic borrowings – Official institutions/Refinancing	TJLP+3.0 or 7.75	35,217	49,532
Foreign borrowings / Foreign currency payables	USD	826,862	833,257
Total		862,079	882,789
Total current		844,816	849,768
Total long-term		17,263	33,021

c) Domestic onlending – Official institutions

Specification	Annual restatement rate - %	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
National Treasury	IGP-DI + 2.0 or 6.75	847	992
BNDES		1,407,776	1,152,894
POC (credit facility granted by the BNDES agents to small and medium-sized companies to buy shares in capital increases)	TJLP/IGPM/IPCA+1.5	1,030,734	919,432
Credit Facility for investment in agriculture	TJLP/IGPM/IPCA+1.5	377,042	233,462
Finame		153,469	132,799
“Programa Automático” (program for purchase of new machinery and equipment by companies based in Brazil)	TJLP/IGPM/IPCA+1.5	136,266	116,710
Agricultural Program	TJLP/IGPM/IPCA+1.5	17,203	16,089
Total		1,562,092	1,286,685
Total current		215,190	173,427
Total long-term		1,346,902	1,113,258

d) Foreign onlending

Specification	Annual restatement rate - %	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
BID-Prodetur (Tourism Development Program with funds provided by the BID)	USD + 1.09 or 2.05	845,028	833,307
BID-Other programs	USD + 1.09	6,631	6,703
Other programs	USD + 6.0	204	382
Total		851,863	840,392
Total current		89,037	81,291
Total long-term		762,826	759,101

e) Expenses on borrowings and onlending

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Borrowings	(2,988)	(3,705)
Domestic borrowings	(2,988)	(3,705)
Onlending	(363,224)	(225,621)
Domestic onlending – Official institutions	(214,008)	(69,070)
National Treasury	(22)	(56)
BNDES	(209,266)	(61,691)
Finame	(4,720)	(2,307)
Other institutions	-	(5,016)
Foreign onlending	(149,216)	(156,551)
Onlending with foreign banks	(134,495)	(128,989)
Financial and development funds	(346,006)	(334,552)
Total	(846,713)	(692,867)

NOTE 15 - Funds from acceptance and issuance of securities

Specification	Funding date	Maturity	Annual interest (%)	Contractual amount in thousands of US dollars	Contractual amount at 09/30/2012 ⁽²⁾	Market value at 09/30/2012 ⁽²⁾	Market value at 12/31/2011 ⁽²⁾
Eurobonds – Senior Unsecured Notes ⁽¹⁾	11/09/2010	11/09/2015	3.625	300,000	619,135	641,994	567,244
Eurobonds – Senior Unsecured Notes ⁽¹⁾	05/03/2012	05/03/2019	4.375	300,000	621,702	666,721	-
Total				600,000	1,240,837	1,308,715	567,244
Total current						22,477	3,368
Total long-term						1,286,238	563,876

(1) The notes are not subject to interim payments and principal is settled on the transaction maturity date. Interest on notes is payable every six months.

(2) Considering tax effects.

According to Note 7.c.1, swap transactions conducted to hedge dollar-denominated liabilities against market fluctuations, arising from foreign funding, were classified as hedging transactions and, as such, the liabilities balances are marked-to-market.

Specification	Annual interest (%)	Nominal value	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Agribusiness Credit Bills ⁽¹⁾	91.03 CDI	198,692	137,091	196,364
Total current			136,679	196,364
Total long-term			412	-

(1) Security with average maturity term of 226 days.

NOTE 16 – Other obligations

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
a) Collection and transfer of taxes and levies	46,547	4,805
Funds from Proagro	98	114
Receipt of federal taxes	42,651	-
IOF (Tax on Financial Transactions) payable	3,377	4,601
Other taxes and levies	421	90
b) Foreign exchange portfolio (Note 11)	15,636	1,188
c) Social and statutory	16,251	12,254
Dividends and bonuses payable	351	342
Profit sharing	11,070	11,912
Other taxes and levies	4,830	-
d) Tax and social security	535,913	525,820
Provision for tax contingencies (Note 22.d)	114,097	112,578
Taxes and contributions	81,289	82,269
Tax suits	32,808	30,309
Provision for deferred taxes and contributions	154,446	66,561
Marketable securities and derivatives (Note 7.a.2)	145,918	56,885
Revaluation of buildings and land	8,528	9,676
Provision for income and social contribution taxes	222,891	298,477
Income tax	137,092	182,080
Social contribution tax	85,799	116,397
Taxes payable	44,479	48,204
e) Securities trading	72	-
f) Financial and development funds	6,122,340	4,720,077
Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund (FNE)	5,974,344	4,578,226
Other	147,996	141,851
g) Hybrid debt and equity instruments (Note 17)	1,161,438	1,137,872
h) Subordinated debts eligible for capital (Note 18)	1,303,638	1,216,319
i) Other	3,788,647	3,017,118
Provision for contingent liabilities	2,014,275	1,767,867
Labor lawsuits (Note 22.e.iv)	180,334	182,824
Civil lawsuits (Note 22.e.v)	108,191	106,653
Other lawsuits (Note 22.e.vi)	233	140
FNE (Note 22.e.vii)	1,683,676	1,386,807
Onlending	1,345	1,149
Full risk	104,264	91,376
Shared risk	1,578,067	1,294,282

FDNE (Note 22.e.viii)	582	1,593
Proagro (Note 22.e.ix)	3,402	3,299
Other contingent liabilities (Note 22.e.x)	37,857	86,551
Accrued Liabilities Allowances	1,651,337	1,131,570
Employee Benefits - CVM Resolution No. 600	1,458,489	985,408
Pension plan	654,690	457,916
Health care plan	803,799	527,492
Personnel expenses	158,305	114,564
Other	34,543	31,598
Other	123,035	117,681
Total	12,990,482	10,635,453
Total current	4,233,056	2,675,384
Total long-term	8,757,426	7,960,069

NOTE 17 – Hybrid debt and equity instruments

On 12/22/2010, pursuant to Law No. 12249, of 06/11/2010, as amended by Provisional Executive Order No. 513, of 11/26/2010, the Bank and the Federal Government entered into a Loan Agreement, classified as Hybrid Debt and Equity Instruments (IHCD), in the amount of R\$ 1,000,000, already paid in.

On 02/21/2011, through Deorf/Cofil Letter No. 2011/00979, the Central Bank authorized the classification of such hybrid instrument into tier II capital.

Specification	Amount issued	Interest	Funding date	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Hybrid debt and equity instruments (Note 16.g)	1,000,000	IPCA+6.5715% p.a.	12/22/2010	1,161,438	1,137,872

NOTE 18 - Subordinated debts

The Bank has subordinated debt agreements with the Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund (FNE), classified as Regulatory Capital (PR) Tier II, under the Subordinated Debts Eligible to Capital category, in accordance with CMN Resolution No. 3444, of 02/28/2007, and the Central Bank of Brazil's authorization.

The agreements have indefinite term and establish that the funds not yet invested will yield the extra market rate disclosed by the Central Bank of Brazil, and, when invested upon release to the borrowers under the financings contracted by Banco do Nordeste, will be updated at the charges agreed on in the corresponding credit instruments, pursuant to article 9-A of Law No. 7827, of 09/27/1989.

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund (FNE)	1,303,638	1,216,319
Funds available ⁽¹⁾	388,047	328,126
Funds invested ⁽²⁾	915,591	888,193
Total	1,303,638	1,216,319

⁽¹⁾ Yielding extramarket rates disclosed by the Central Bank of Brazil, pursuant to article 9-A of Law No. 7827, of 09/27/1989.

⁽²⁾ Yielding rates agreed upon with borrowers, less del credere commission of the institution, pursuant to article 9-A of Law No. 7827, of 09/27/1989.

NOTE 19 - Equity

a) Capital

The Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on 03/30/2012 approved a capital increase of R\$ 132,000, resulting from addition of statutory reserves, with no new shares issued. Capital increased from R\$ 2,010,000 to R\$ 2,142,000 represented by 87,001,901 registered, paid-in shares with no par value, approved by BACEN.

Position at 09/30/2012					
Shareholders	Common shares	Preferred shares	Total shares	% voting capital	% total capital
Federal Government	46,595,279	35,373,190	81,968,469	96.10	94.21
National Development Fund (FND)	1,473,704	2,373,264	3,846,968	3.04	4.42
BNDESPAR	4,200	379,900	384,100	0.01	0.44
Other	411,592	390,772	802,364	0.85	0.93
Total	48,484,775	38,517,126	87,001,901	100.00	100.00

Position at 12/31/2011					
Shareholders	Common shares	Preferred shares	Total shares	% voting capital	% total capital
Federal Government	46,595,279	35,373,190	81,968,469	96.10	94.21
National Development Fund (FND)	1,473,704	2,373,264	3,846,968	3.04	4.42
BNDESPAR	13,800	386,795	400,595	0.03	0.47
Other	401,992	383,877	785,869	0.83	0.90
Total	48,484,775	38,517,126	87,001,901	100.00	100.00

b) Revaluation reserve

The amount of R\$ 23,478 (R\$ 25,198 as at 12/31/2011) refers to the revaluation of property and equipment in use, recognized on 02/26/1993. Said reserve will be maintained through its actual realization date either as a result of depreciation, write-off or disposal, pursuant to CMN Resolution No. 3565, of 05/29/2008. The realization in the three-month period totaled R\$ 1,720 (R\$ 2,866 at 12/31/2011).

c) Treasury shares – in R\$ 1.00

The Bank holds 10,232 own shares, 8,088 of which are registered common shares (ON) and 2,144 are registered preferred shares (PN), bought back on 02/17/2009. These shares, whose fair value on 09/30/2012 represents, respectively, R\$ 20.00 and R\$ 21.50 per share, are held in treasury to be later disposed of or cancelled.

NOTE 20 - Other operating income (expenses)

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
a) Income from services provided	1,018,581	970,578
Investment fund management	12,846	10,405
Fund and program management	860,734	810,684
Services provided	145,001	149,489
b) Income from bank fees	20,327	17,753
c) Personnel expenses	(1,270,321)	(735,140)
Salaries	(473,753)	(436,143)
Payroll charges	(174,638)	(168,210)
Pension plan	(253,666)	(16,754)
Health care plan	(298,263)	(52,057)
Benefits, training, fees and compensation of interns	(70,001)	(61,976)
d) Other administrative expenses	(615,509)	(569,406)
Data processing	(105,189)	(92,121)
Advertising and promotion	(19,703)	(19,198)
Third-party services	(220,463)	(187,527)
Rentals, material and public utilities	(31,010)	(32,767)
Travels	(11,255)	(11,045)
Communication	(24,042)	(22,391)
Depreciation and amortization	(21,749)	(20,395)
Asset maintenance and upkeep	(23,623)	(23,204)
Surveillance, security and transportation	(29,783)	(23,595)
Promotions, public relations and publications	(14,975)	(15,017)
Financial system services	(13,266)	(14,321)
Specialized technical services	(28,890)	(24,767)
Insurance	(3,250)	(3,091)
Court, notary and attorney's fees	(30,879)	(42,026)
Trade Association Contribution and membership charges	(1,075)	(747)
Condominium fees, catering, kitchen and meals	(2,914)	(2,675)
FUNDECI (Science and Technology Development Fund)	(18,200)	(14,200)
Other	(15,243)	(20,319)
e) Tax expenses	(142,534)	(138,168)
Cofins and PIS/PASEP	(130,614)	(126,542)
ISS and IPTU/Improvement tax	(10,445)	(10,499)
Other	(1,475)	(1,127)
f) Other operating income	1,149,564	865,938
<i>Del credere</i> commission on fund management	689,388	608,593
Negative exchange variation on loans obtained	205,213	104,142
Reversal of operating provisions/FNE risks	-	11
Recovery of charges and expenses	6,476	-
Reversal of provisions for CSLL and IR	-	6,791
Reversal of operating provisions	116,183	8,965
Interest and commissions	637	581
Monetary restatement	9,003	5,886
Mark-to-market adjustments	9,368	11,689
Monetary restatement of taxes	-	165
FNE – Recover of amounts settled by the Bank	40,561	53,376
Other	72,735	65,739
g) Other operating expenses	(983,251)	(665,146)
Exchange variation of exchange area	(4,390)	(5,405)
Negative exchange variation on loans granted	(175,872)	(80,354)
Negative monetary restatement of lending operations	(22)	(988)
Discounts granted in renegotiations	(3,018)	(47,542)
Interest on lending operations	(5,873)	(9,854)
Tax contingencies	(4,212)	(9,581)
Risks on FNE transactions	(488,223)	(258,953)
Risks on FNDE transactions	(340)	(1,304)

Labor lawsuits	(23,419)	(22,719)
Civil lawsuits	(22,446)	(15,872)
Other lawsuits	(133)	(127)
Other contingent liabilities	(56,023)	-
Hybrid debt and equity instruments	(96,186)	(100,845)
FNE remuneration – available funds – article 9 A of Law No. 7827	(21,322)	(26,236)
FNE remuneration – invested funds – article 9 A of Law No. 7827	(65,997)	(58,754)
Other	(15,775)	(26,612)
Total	(823,143)	(253,591)

NOTE 21 - Taxes and contributions

a) Income and social contribution taxes

The Bank is subject to taxation whereby taxable profit is based on accounting records, and income and social contribution taxes are paid monthly on an estimated basis. Income and social contribution tax expenses from January to September 2012 totaled R\$ 136,375 (R\$ 128,836 at 09/30/2011) and R\$ 85,369 (R\$ 80,683 at 09/30/2011), respectively.

a.1) Specification of the provision for income and social contribution tax expense	Income tax		Social contribution tax	
	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Income before income taxes and profit sharing	(144,119)	706,890	(144,119)	706,890
Statutory profit sharing (PLR)	(22,004)	(47,637)	(22,004)	(47,637)
Interest on equity (JCP)	(67,300)	(96,921)	(67,300)	(96,921)
Income before income taxes, less statutory profit sharing and interest on equity	(233,423)	562,332	(233,423)	562,332
Permanent additions (exclusions)	(29,848)	(22,081)	(29,854)	(22,081)
Temporary additions (exclusions)	835,272	658	835,272	658
Taxable profit before use of tax loss carryforwards	572,001	540,909	571,995	540,909
Offset of income and social contribution tax loss carryforwards	-	-	-	-
Taxable profit after use of tax loss carryforwards	572,001	540,909	571,995	540,909
Expenses on provision for IRPJ (25%) ⁽¹⁾ and CSLL (15%) – before tax incentives and revaluation reserve	(142,982)	(135,208)	(85,799)	(81,136)
Deductions (tax incentives)	5,891	5,617	-	-
Provision for IRPJ/CSLL on revaluation reserve released to retained earnings	716	755	430	453
Current IRPJ/CSLL expenses – after tax incentives and revaluation reserve	(136,375)	(128,836)	(85,369)	(80,683)
Deferred IRPJ/CSLL expenses	386,560	(18,709)	231,932	(11,229)
Total IRPJ/CSLL expenses	250,185	(147,545)	146,563	(91,912)
% of total tax expenses in relation to income before taxation	107.18%	26.24%	62.79%	16.34%
a.2) Specification of the provision for income and social contribution taxes	Income tax		Social contribution tax	
	09/30/2012	12/31/2011	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Expense on provision for income and social contribution taxes	136,375	181,082	85,369	115,798
Provision for taxes on revaluation reserve released to retained earnings	716	998	430	599
Provision for income and social contribution taxes	137,091	182,080	85,799	116,397
Taxes for offset due to tax prepayments, including withholding taxes	(101,701)	(138,032)	(47,069)	(63,743)
Adjustment for the period	35,390	44,048	38,730	52,654

⁽¹⁾ The rate of 15% is applied to the taxable base referring to income tax payable + 10% surtax on the amount exceeding the annual limit of R\$ 240.

b) Tax credits on temporary differences

Income and social contribution tax credits on temporary differences of allowances for loan losses are recorded in conformity with the following major standards: CMN Resolution No. 3059, of 12/20/2002 (amended by CMN Resolution No. 3355, of 03/31/2006 and CMN Resolution No. 3655, of 12/17/2008) and BACEN Circular No. 3171, of 12/30/2002; and are based on technical studies performed every six months determining the probable realization of tax credits for a period of five years.

In April 2012, the Bank recorded IRPJ and CSLL tax credits on temporary differences of allowances for loan losses, realized with FNE funds, not including transactions that do not meet the realization criteria established by BACEN. Credits referring to such transactions were set up based on technical studies performed then, determining their probable realization within five years.

In September 2012, after feasibility studies for the recognition of new tax credits on temporary differences, the Bank also recognized tax credits on provisions relating to the Bank's supplementary pension plan and health care expenses, which will be contributed to CAPEF/CAMED only in the post-employment phase. The credits were recognized in

assets based on the projection of contributions to the Pension Plan and Health Care Cash (CAPEF/CAMED) for the next five years.

In accordance with BACEN Circular No. 3023, of 06/11/2002, the Bank recognized tax credits on mark-to-market of marketable securities classified under 'available-for-sale securities'.

Specification	09/30/2012					
	Income tax		Social contribution tax		Total	
	Temporary differences	Marketable securities	Temporary differences	Marketable securities	Temporary differences	Marketable securities
Opening balance at 12/31/2011	156,634	14,658	93,995	8,795	250,629	23,453
(+) Set up/(-)Realization of credits	386,559	33,583	231,933	20,150	618,492	53,733
Closing balance at 09/30/2012	543,193	48,241	325,928	28,945	869,121	77,186

Specification	12/31/2011					
	Income tax		Social contribution tax		Total	
	Temporary differences	Marketable securities	Temporary differences	Marketable securities	Temporary differences	Marketable securities
Opening balance at 12/31/2010	173,336	8,671	104,017	5,202	277,353	13,873
(+) Set up/(-)Realization of credits	(16,702)	5,987	(10,022)	3,593	(26,724)	9,580
Closing balance at 12/31/2011	156,634	14,658	93,995	8,795	250,629	23,453

Income and social contribution tax credits recognized and not recognized in assets, recorded under "OTHER RECEIVABLES - OTHER" are broken down as follows:

Specification	Income tax		Social contribution tax	
	09/30/2012	12/31/2011	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
1. Total temporary differences	4,167,716	3,262,708	4,167,716	3,262,708
2. Tax credits on temporary differences + income and social contribution tax losses carryforwards	1,041,929	815,678	625,157	489,406
3. Tax credit from mark-to-market of marketable securities	48,241	14,658	28,945	8,795
4. Total tax credits (item 2 + item 3)	1,090,170	830,336	654,102	498,201
5. Tax credits recognized in assets on temporary differences	543,194	156,634	325,927	93,995
6. Tax credits recognized in assets from mark-to-market of marketable securities	48,241	14,658	28,945	8,795
7. Total tax credits recognized in assets (item 5 + item 6)	591,435	171,292	354,872	102,790
8. Tax credits not recognized in assets (item 4 - item 7) ⁽¹⁾	498,735	659,044	299,230	395,411

(1) Not recorded in assets as they do not meet the realization requirements provided for in CMN Resolution No. 3355, of 03/31/2006.

The estimated realization of tax credits as of 09.30.2012 is as follows:

Period	Goal for Over-Selic rate - Average % ⁽¹⁾	Realization of income tax credit		Realization of CSLL tax credit		Total	
		Book value	Present value	Book value	Present value	Book value	Present value
2012	7.28	224,039	212,537	134,427	127,526	358,466	340,063
2013	7.93	92,201	81,041	55,321	48,625	147,522	129,666
2014	8.82	39,799	32,146	23,879	19,288	63,678	51,434
2015	8.85	26,093	19,363	15,656	11,617	41,749	30,980
2016	8.60	104,220	71,212	62,532	42,727	166,752	113,939
2017	8.60	56,842	35,763	34,112	21,462	90,954	57,225
TOTAL		543,194	452,062	325,927	271,245	869,121	723,307

⁽¹⁾ For present value calculation, we considered the goal for average Over-Selic rates projected by BACEN on 10/19/2012.

The tax credits arising on the mark-to-market of marketable securities determined at the present realizable value, pursuant to BACEN Circular No. 3068, of 11/08/2001, will be realized according to the maturities of the securities.

Period	Realization of credit		Total
	Income tax	Social contribution tax	
2012	16,476	9,885	26,361
2013	63	38	101
2014	3,156	1,894	5,050
2015	4,311	2,587	6,898
2016	23,188	13,912	37,100
2017 to 2019	655	393	1,048
2020 to 2022	6	4	10
2027 to 2029	386	232	618
TOTAL	48,241	28,945	77,186

c) Tax expenses

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Cofins and PIS/PASEP	(130,614)	(126,542)
ISS and IPTU/Improvement tax	(10,445)	(10,499)
Other	(1,475)	(1,127)
Total	(142,534)	(138,168)

NOTE 22 – Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities and legal obligations - Tax and social security

- a) Banco do Nordeste is party to several administrative and legal proceedings involving civil, tax, labor and other matters. To recognize provision and contingent liabilities, contingencies are classified in accordance with CMN Resolution No. 3823, of 12/16/2009 and BACEN Circular Letter No. 3429, of 02/11/2010.
- b) The assessment of the provision and contingent liability, risk level of new lawsuits, and reassessment of already existing lawsuits are made by the Legal Department, case by case, and are classified according to the likelihood of loss as probable, possible and remote. Such classification is based on analysis of the following factors: i) reasonableness of factual and legal arguments of the other party; ii) arguments and legal basis developed by the Bank; iii) history of losses in similar cases; iv) understanding of higher courts and supervisory authorities on the matters in litigation; v) decisions already rendered on each proceeding (decision, award, injunction, interim relief, writ of payment, writ of attachment etc); and vi) existence of procedural errors in administrative and legal proceedings.
- c) Contingencies classified into probable losses are accounted for and represented by Civil Lawsuits (claiming compensation for pain and suffering and property damage, such as protest of notes, return of checks, and provision of information to credit reporting agencies, among others), Labor Lawsuits (claiming labor rights, in light of specific professional category legislation, such as overtime, salary equalization, job reinstatement, premium for transfer, severance pay, retirement supplementation, including infringement notices issued by Regional Labor Offices and others), Tax and Social Security Lawsuits (represented by legal and administrative proceedings involving federal and municipal taxes) and Other Lawsuits (such as infringement notices issued by Regional Councils that govern the exercise of professions). Taking into consideration that the procedures adopted by Banco do Nordeste are in compliance with legal and regulatory provisions, management understands that the provisions recorded are sufficient to cover losses arising from the respective legal and administrative proceedings.
- d) The Bank recognized a provision for the total estimated loss on lawsuits classified as probable losses, as well as for those classified as Legal Obligations, pursuant to the terms of BACEN Circular No. 3429, of 02/11/2010, regardless of the legal advisor's assessment of probable loss, and provisions are not applicable to lawsuits classified as possible and remote losses, as provided for in the table below, at 09/30/2012 and 12/31/2011:

Specification	09/30/2012		12/31/2011	
	Base value	Provision	Base value	Provision
a) PROVISION FOR TAX CONTINGENCIES (Note 16.d)				
a.1) Taxes – legal obligation	81,289	81,289	82,269	82,269
a.2) Tax lawsuits	939,896	32,808	850,647	30,309
i) Legal obligation	615	615	1,063	1,063
ii) Other obligations - other	939,281	32,193	849,584	29,246
Probable	32,193	32,193	29,246	29,246
Possible	688,803	-	617,180	-
Remote	218,285	-	203,158	-
b) PROVISION FOR CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Note 16.i)				
b.1) Labor lawsuits	285,201	180,334	263,035	182,824
Probable	180,334	180,334	182,824	182,824
Possible	33,725	-	31,463	-
Remote	71,142	-	48,748	-
b.2) Civil lawsuits	2,842,337	108,191	2,519,657	106,653
Probable	108,191	108,191	106,653	106,653
Possible	508,608	-	467,538	-
Remote ⁽¹⁾	2,225,538	-	1,945,466	-
b.3) Other lawsuits	1,264	233	697	140
Probable	233	233	140	140
Possible	1,029	-	556	-
Remote	2	-	1	-

(*) Contingent liabilities relating to civil suits rated as remote loss and the respective estimated financial loss are concentrated on the following cases: a) payment of additional contribution referring to supplementary pension plan (CAPEF) - R\$ 664,030; b) refund of unduly paid amount - R\$ 251,979; c) compensation for pain and suffering and property damage - R\$ 177,358; and d) payment of fine and compensation for pain and suffering - R\$ 143,416. In the aggregate, contingent liabilities arising from these suits amount to R\$ 1,236,784.

e) Changes in provisions

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
i) Taxes (legal obligation)		
Opening balance	82,269	74,847
Set up	4,176	8,933
Reversal/use/write-off	(5,156)	(1,511)
Closing balance	81,289	82,269
ii) Tax lawsuits (legal obligation)		
Opening balance	1,063	551
Set up	117	512
Reversal/use/write-off	(565)	-
Closing balance	615	1,063
iii) Tax lawsuits (other obligations - other)		
Opening balance	29,246	26,127
Set up	3,030	4,916
Reversal/use/write-off	(83)	(1,797)
Closing balance	32,193	29,246
iv) Labor lawsuits (other obligations - other)		
Opening balance	182,824	161,863
Set up	27,841	34,203
Reversal/use/write-off	(30,331)	(13,242)
Closing balance (Note 16.i)	180,334	182,824
v) Civil lawsuits (other obligations - other)		
Opening balance	106,653	92,970
Set up	40,965	23,836
Reversal/use/write-off	(39,427)	(10,153)
Closing balance (Note 16.i)	108,191	106,653
vi) Other suits (other obligations - other)		
Opening balance	140	65
Set up	166	159
Reversal/use/write-off	(73)	(84)
Closing balance (Note 16.i)	233	140
vii) FNE		
Opening balance	1,386,807	1,177,757
Set up	488,222	429,774
Reversal/use/write-off	(191,353)	(220,724)
Closing balance (Note 16.i)	1,683,676	1,386,807
viii) FDNE		
Opening balance	1,593	277
Set up	340	1,316
Reversal/use/write-off	(1,351)	-
Closing balance (Note 16.i)	582	1,593
ix) Proagro		
Opening balance	3,299	3,299
Set up	165	-
Reversal/use/write-off	(62)	-
Closing balance (Note 16.i)	3,402	3,299
x) Other contingent liabilities		
Opening balance	86,551	-
Set up	56,823	86,551
Reversal/use/write-off	(105,517)	-
Closing balance (Note 16.i)	37,857	86,551

f) The Bank has lawsuits handled by outside advisors, most of which relate to loan collection actions, whose assessment of the contingent liabilities is performed by the Legal Department, pursuant to item “b” above.

g) Tax lawsuits classified into Legal Obligation pursuant to the terms of BACEN Circular Letter No. 3429 of 02/11/2010, whose amounts were presented in item “d”, subitems 1.1 and 1.2.1 discuss, respectively, IRPJ 1999 and ISSQN.

h) Below, a brief description of the lawsuits involving the most relevant contingent liabilities in which the Bank is a party classified into possible risk of loss:

Tax lawsuit filed to annul the tax assessment notice relating to ISSQN levied on income from services provided. Estimates of possible financial losses total R\$ 308,749 at 09/30/2012. At 12/31/2011, estimated financial loss was of R\$ 276,218, assessed as possible.

Two tax lawsuits aiming at cancelling tax assessment notices referring to ISSQN levied on service provision income. Estimates of possible financial losses total R\$ 179,455 and R\$ 121,702, respectively, at 09.30.2012. At 12/31/2011, estimated loss was of R\$ 160,547 and R\$ 108,879, respectively, both of which assessed as possible.

Civil lawsuit filed to claim loss of profits and payment of administration fees under the allegation of losses incurred due to the interruption of financial onlending contracted for the construction of commercial facilities. Estimates of possible financial losses total R\$ 94,725 at 09/30/2012. At 12/31/2011, estimated financial loss was of R\$ 83,321, assessed as possible.

Civil lawsuit filed to claim refund of overpayment under the allegation of undue collection and withholding. Estimates of possible financial losses total R\$ 36,902 at 09/30/2012. At 12/31/2011, estimated financial loss was of R\$ 32,459, assessed as possible.

Civil lawsuit claiming compensation for property damage and pain and suffering, under the allegation of amounts unduly transferred from the savings deposits. Estimates of possible financial losses total R\$ 26,586 at 09/30/2012. At 12/31/2011, estimated financial loss was of R\$ 22,624, assessed as possible.

i) Escrow and appeal deposits made to guarantee legal and administrative proceedings, recognized for contingent liabilities assessed as probable, possible and/or remote losses, as follows:

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Labor lawsuits	433,354	414,916
Tax lawsuits	205,745	197,267
Civil lawsuits	39,402	23,825
Total	678,501	636,008

j) The amount of R\$ 37,857 (R\$ 86,551 at 12/31/2011) is recorded as “Other contingent liabilities”, R\$ 21,985 of which refers to provision to cover the risk of the Bank conducting lending operations with indication of irregularities, which are subject matter of inquiry proceedings carried out by the internal audit area. This account also includes the amount of R\$ 15,872 regarding lending risk on securitized transactions, grounded on Law No. 9138, of 11/29/1995, currently recorded in memorandum accounts.

NOTE 23 – Employee and officer compensation (in R\$ 1.00)**a) Monthly employee compensation**

Gross compensation ⁽¹⁾	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Maximum	26,481.45	24,275.20
Minimum	948.65	870.29
Average	7,185.90	6,363.48

⁽¹⁾ Includes overtime (including night shift premium), when actually worked.

b) Compensation paid to the Executive Board, Board of Directors and Supervisory Board for the period

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Gross compensation ⁽¹⁾	Executive Board		Board of Directors		Supervisory Board	
Highest individual compensation	315,144.94	331,806.21	23,750.22	23,631.20	23,750.22	23,631.20
Lowest individual compensation	268,564.90	300,012.23	23,750.22	23,631.20	23,750.22	23,631.20
Average individual compensation	278,857.57	320,109.03	22,809.32	23,688.30	23,824.63	23,570.99
Number of members ⁽¹⁾	7	7	6	6	6	5

⁽¹⁾ Amounts approved at the 59th Annual Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting and the 91st Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Banco do Nordeste, both held on 03/30/2012.

At 09/30/2012, the Bank had 6,018 employees (6,077 at 12/31/2011), a decrease of 0.97% in headcount.

NOTE 24 - Post-employment benefits

Pursuant to CVM Resolution No. 600, of 10/07/2009, which approved Technical Pronouncement CPC 33 – Employee Benefits, the employee benefit policy and the accounting procedures adopted by Banco do Nordeste for recognizing its obligations are as follows:

a) Accounting policy for recognition of gains and losses

The policy adopted for the recognition of actuarial gains and losses, as of December 2010, is consistent with the provisions of item 93 of the Appendix to CVM Resolution No. 600, that is, actuarial gains and losses are immediately recognized as revenue or expense.

b) General description of the benefit plan characteristics**b.1) Pension plan of Banco do Nordeste do Brasil's employees**

The Bank sponsors two benefit plans managed by *Caixa de Previdência dos Funcionários do Banco do Nordeste do Brasil* (CAPEF), a closed private pension entity that provides the payment of supplementary pension plan benefits to participants and beneficiaries.

The Defined Benefit (BD) plan has not been opened to new participants since 11/26/1999. The Variable Contribution (CV I) plan, authorized to operate through Administrative Rule MPS/PREVIC/DETEC 189, of 03/25/2010, started operations on 05/19/2010, when it received the first contributions. These plans offer retirement benefits for length of contribution, age and disability to the plan participants and savings plans to their dependents.

b.1.1) Actuarial method within CAPEF

Classified as defined benefit, the BD plan adopts the fully funded financial system in the actuarial calculation of reserves related to all benefits offered to its participants and dependents. CV I plan combines the characteristics of the defined contribution plan and the defined benefit plan, and is classified, pursuant to CVM Resolution 600, as a defined benefit plan. This plan adopts the fully funded financial system in the actuarial calculation of reserves related to planned benefits and the shared risk coverage regime for the other benefits offered to its participants and dependents.

b.1.2) Past due obligations and contributions due

As at 09.30.2012, the Bank has no past due obligations or contribution debts referring to plans BD and CV I, neither informal practices that originate constructive obligations included in the measurement of the plans' defined benefit obligation.

b.1.3) Contribution Ratio (Participants/Sponsor)

The ratio of participant and Bank contributions meets the parity set by Constitutional Amendment 20, of 12/15/1998, with a contribution ratio of 1:1 as at 09/30/2012 (1:1 at 12/31/2011).

b.2) Health care plan

The Bank is the sponsor of the health care plan managed by *Caixa de Assistência dos Funcionários do Banco do Nordeste do Brasil - CAMED*, whose primary purpose is to provide health care to its associates and dependents participating in the Natural Plan, through granting of subsidies to cover or reimburse health promotion, protection and recovery expenses.

b.2.1) Past due obligations and contributions due

As at 09/30/2012, the Bank has no past due obligations or contribution debts referring to this plan, neither informal practices that originate constructive obligations included in the measurement of the plans' defined benefit obligation.

b.2.2) Contributions

The Natural Plan is funded primarily by contributions made by the associates, contributions related to the enrolment of natural dependents, financial protection and emergency service fees, financial co-participation paid by each associate for services utilized and matched contributions from sponsors.

NOTE 25 - Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund (FNE)

- a) The total assets of FNE, amounting to R\$ 41,570,608 (R\$ 37,747,461 at 12/31/2011) are recorded in the Bank's memorandum accounts (Net assets of managed public funds).
- b) The Fund's cash and cash equivalents, totaling R\$ 5,972,268 (R\$ 4,576,207 at 12/31/2011), recorded in 'Other obligations/Financial and development funds' bear interest at extra-market rate. The expense of interest on cash and cash equivalents totaled R\$ 333,805 (R\$ 329,775 at 09/30/2011).
- c) The provision to cover the risk on FNE transactions is recognized pursuant to the following criteria:
- c.1) Transactions contracted until 11/30/1998 are risk-free;
 - c.2) For operations contracted beginning 12/01/1998, excluding Land Program financing lines and transactions under PRONAF (groups A, B, A/C, Forest, Semiarid, Emergency, Flood Drought and Drought-2012), the Bank's risk is 50 percent of the amount calculated pursuant to CMN Resolution No. 2682, of 12/21/1999; and
 - c.3) The Bank assumes all the risks on renegotiated and reclassified FNE loan transactions, as set forth by Law No. 11775, of 09/17/2008, and transactions recognized in the Fund's 'Interbank accounts', as prescribed by Ministry of Integration Administrative Rule No. 616, of 05/26/2003. The balances of financing and allowances accounted for in the Bank's Contingent liabilities are as follows:

Risk level	Balances	Allowance at 09/30/2012	Allowance at 12/31/2011
AA	2,754,014	-	-
A	12,041,268	30,080	28,549
B	9,118,114	46,150	44,875
C	1,257,493	18,720	13,453
D	892,827	44,494	30,004
E	399,499	59,680	42,434
F	280,356	73,316	66,089
G	189,549	74,460	86,689
H	2,636,294	1,336,776	1,074,714
Total	29,569,414	1,683,676	1,386,807

- d) The Bank's financial commission on transactions entered as agreement by 11/30/1998 is zero. The Bank's financial commission on transactions entered as agreement after this date is 3% p.a., when the risk is 50%, and 6% p.a. when the Bank is a direct party to the transaction backed by onlending based on article 9-A of Law No. 7827, of 09/27/1989. In operations reclassified for FNE based on No. Law 11775, of 09/17/2008, financial commission is 3% p.a. or 6% p.a., as governed by Interministerial Rule No. 245, of 10/14/2008, of the Ministry of Finance and Ministry of National Integration. Income from financial commission totaled R\$ 686,666 (R\$ 606,676 at 09/30/2011).
- e) The management fee of 3% p.a. is calculated on the Fund's net equity, less the amounts linked to the onlending agreement entered into with the Bank, balances of onlending to other institutions with the risk fully assumed by the Bank, and the balances of PRONAF investments (Groups B, A/C, Forest, Semiarid, Emergency, Flood Drought and Drought-2012), and is limited to 20% of the transfers made by the National Treasury each fiscal year. The management fee totaled R\$ 770,654 (R\$ 743,093 at 09/30/2011).

Note 26 - Workers' Assistance Fund (FAT)

The Workers' Assistance Fund (FAT) is a special financial-accounting fund linked to the Ministry of Labor and Employment (MTE), whose purpose is to finance the Unemployment Insurance, Salary Bonus and Economic

Development Programs. The main actions financed by the Bank with funds from FAT are as follows:

Specification	Tade	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Special Program to Fight Drought Effects	016/2006	1,222	2,036
Proger-Urbano - Investment	017/2006	22,819	19,097
FAT - Infrastructure	018/2006	270,254	274,523
Pronaf - Investment	019/2006	216	812
Proger-Rural - Cost	020/2006	1,258	1,661
Pronaf - Cost	001/2007	280	1,410
Proger-Rural - Investment	002/2007	18,495	22,182
Protrabalho - Investment	004/2007	147,666	139,932
PNMPO-National Program for Guided Productive Microcredit	001/2010	151,902	97,106
Total		614,112	558,759

Funds derived from the Workers' Assistance Fund (FAT), recorded under 'Interest-bearing special deposits', totaling R\$ 633,169 (R\$ 622,390 at 12/31/2011), are subject to SELIC (Central Bank overnight rate) while they are not used in lending operations, and to TJLP after they are released to final borrowers. Available funds bearing interest at SELIC totaled R\$ 51,545 (R\$ 50,795 at 12/31/2011).

Pursuant to CODEFAT (Board of the Worker's Assistance Fund) Resolution No. 439, of 06/02/2005, these funds began to be reimbursed to FAT on a monthly basis, with a minimum amount equivalent to 2% calculated on the total balance of each TADE (FAT Special Deposit Allocation Statement), plus cash that meets the following conditions, considering the period they remain in the Bank's cash:

- After 2 months, with respect to the reimbursements of the final borrowers, not reused in new financing.
- After 3 months, with respect to the new deposits made by FAT and not released to final borrowers.

Specification	Tade Resolution	Return of FAT funds			09/30/2012		
		Form ⁽¹⁾	R.A.	Selic remuneration	Available TMS ⁽²⁾	TJLP used ⁽³⁾	Total
Special Program to Fight Drought Effects	16/2006	RA	2,637	38	444	7,200	7,644
Proger – Urbano- Investment	17/2006	RA	15,015	577	7,010	63,774	70,784
FAT - Infrastructure	18/2006	RA	23,754	1,333	26,607	229,765	256,372
Pronaf - Investment	19/2006	RA	684	15	-	-	-
Pronaf - Cost	01/2007	RA	147	3	-	-	-
Protrabalho-Investment	04/2007	RA	27,593	206	972	140,668	141,640
PNMPO – National Program for Guided Productive Microcredit	01/2010	RA	20,124	963	16,512	140,215	156,727
Total (Note 13.a)			89,954	3,135	51,545	581,622	633,167

Specification	Tade Resolution	Return of FAT funds			12/31/2011		
		Form ⁽¹⁾	R.A.	Selic remuneration	Available TMS ⁽²⁾	TJLP used ⁽³⁾	Total
Special Program to Fight Drought Effects	16/2006	RA	2,635	10	85	9,838	9,923
Proger – Urbano- Investment	17/2006	RA	26,066	996	13,293	62,810	76,103
FAT – Infrastructure ⁽⁴⁾	18/2006	RA	120,350	11,266	20,404	249,455	269,859
Pronaf - Investment	19/2006	RA	344	11	192	484	676
Pronaf - Cost	01/2007	RA	118	4	69	77	146
Protrabalho-Investment	04/2007	RA	43,277	264	3,320	159,625	162,945
PNMPO – National Program for Guided Productive Microcredit	01/2010	RA	8,332	1,102	13,432	89,305	102,737
Total (Note 13.a)			201,122	13,653	50,795	571,594	622,389

(1) RA - Automatic Return (Monthly, 2% on balance) and AV - Available Balance less deposits made in the last 3 months and reimbursements in the last 2 months;

(2) Funds yielding SELIC rate;

(3) Funds yielding Long-term Interest Rate (TJLP); and

(4) Regarding FAT - Infrastructure, RA is 1% on the balance and deductible reimbursements refer to the last 4 months.

NOTE 27- Risk management and Basel ratio

a) Risk and capital management

The Bank's corporate governance instruments include a regularly reviewed internal control structure so that the operational, credit, market and liquidity risks may be adequately monitored. The risk management methodology observes the guidance set forth by the Basel Committee and Basel II requirements, with priority to identification of possible risks existing in the different Bank processes, and implementation and monitoring of key indicators and of mechanisms to mitigate any identified risks.

Risk management structure

The corporate risk management policy sets forth guidelines and standards that integrate the Bank's activities, for management of credit, liquidity, market and operational risks. The Corporate Risk Management Committee analyzes and approves the risk management policies. The Executive Board is responsible for approving risk policies and subsequent reporting to the Board of Directors. The Control and Risk Executive Board coordinates the implementation of risk policies and the Bank's performance. A specific area coordinates the credit, liquidity, market and operational risks at the corporate level, with definition of management methodologies and models and promotion and dissemination of the risk management culture throughout the Bank.

b) Credit risk

The credit risk is defined as the risk of incurring losses associated to the default by the borrower or counterparty of financial obligations under the agreed terms and conditions, the impairment of a loan agreement arising from the downgrading of the borrowers' risk rating, the decrease in gains or returns, the advantages granted in renegotiations, and the costs of recovery.

The Bank uses the constant information flow to identify, measure, control and mitigate risks, thus ensuring acceptable credit risk exposure. For such, the Bank uses instruments, such as: Credit policies, management reports, risk rating system and performance indicators by macro sectors.

Furthermore, any approval in terms of risk limits is based on the level of authority by body. In accordance with their characteristics and amount, the limits may be analyzed and defined by the branches' credit assessment committees or the Operational Supporting Centers' risk limit approval committees, or also be decided by the customer risk limit approval committee of the General Executive Board, Executive Board or Board of Directors.

All lending operations are subject to risk rating, based on the customer's risk rating and grade of the lending operation, in accordance with its characteristics, value, term, collaterals and condition.

Collaterals for lending operations above R\$ 5,000 with full risk for the Bank

The collaterals for lending operations are determined based on their quality, capacity to be removed and sufficiency in light of the customer's risk assessment. Balances exposed to credit risk above R\$ 5,000 amount to R\$ 5,315,378 (R\$ 6,394,184 at 12/31/2011). They are backed by collaterals totaling R\$ 2,527,728 (R\$ 2,603,051 at 12/31/2011), which are assessed at least once every two years, or within a shorter period, as long as there are material events involving the client or the transaction. In addition to collaterals (leased chattels, mortgage and guarantees), these transactions are also backed by unsecured collateral, guarantee of notes, guarantee funds, risk fund (FGPC), collateralization of shares and bank guarantees, among others.

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the possibility of occurring mismatches between tradable assets and payable liabilities that could affect the Bank's payment ability. The liquidity risk may be aggravated by the market risk due to possible losses arising from the need to generate funds to settle assumed commitments, either due to difficulty in selling the asset without significant depreciation of value or raising funds.

The Bank adopts projection models for variables that impact cash, for liquidity management purposes, and information referring to this risk is communicated to management through daily reports, consolidated annually.

The daily market and liquidity risk management report includes the Bank's liquidity ratio, represented by the ratio between available funds and commitments estimated for the next 90 days. Available funds comprising the liquidity ratio calculation basis include banking reserves, interbank deposits, repurchase agreements and own securities portfolio.

Breakdown of liquidity ratio at 09/30/2012 and 09/30/2011 is as follows:

Specification	09/30/2012 (%)	09/30/2011 (%)
At the base date	343.05	199.63
Average for the last 12 months	243.98	229.81
Maximum for the last 12 months	343.05	321.96
Minimum for the last 12 months	195.93	175.15

The maturities of funding, considering the projected future payment flows, including the related contractual rates, at 09/30/2012 and 12/31/2011, are as follows:

Specification	09/30/2012				
	Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Interbank deposits	207,037	282,669	212,777	34,595	-
Time deposits	19,946	177,646	763,304	3,615,357	998,594
Repurchase agreements	742,531	38,237	-	68,817	-
Agribusiness Notes (LCA)	13,757	57,211	65,724	412	-
Total	983,271	555,763	1,041,805	3,719,181	998,594
Available funds	6,248,536				

Specification	12/31/2011				
	Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Interbank deposits	10,968	202,145	379,955	-	-
Time deposits	67,803	225,712	1,524,753	2,884,486	3,574,573
Repurchase agreements	638,093	-	-	72,531	30,165
Agribusiness Notes (LCA)	47,951	70,784	81,907	-	-
Total	764,815	498,641	1,986,615	2,957,017	3,604,738
Available funds	3,185,693				

d) Market risk

Market risk is the possibility of impairment of assets and/or increase in liability costs arising from changes in interest rates, exchange rates, and stock and commodity prices.

In managing market risks, the Bank considers market-approved methodologies and instruments, such as:

- Value at Risk (VaR) of asset and liability transactions in trading and non-trading portfolios, by risk factor;
- capital requirement map, for coverage of market and liquidity risks;
- exchange exposure report;
- sensitivity analysis;
- stress testing;
- backtesting; and
- reports on monitoring of limits established for portions exposed to market risk.

The preparation of daily, monthly, quarterly and annual managerial reports for management and supervisory bodies is critical to market risk management. Such reports include, among others, detailed information on and analysis of exposure levels of trading and non-trading portfolios, exchange exposure levels, liquidity levels and indices, and monitoring of limits of operations carried out with other financial institutions.

In addition to these reports, the monitoring of market and liquidity risk exposure limits includes a warning system implemented in order to expedite the preparation of managerial information necessary for the decision-making process by the proper levels of authority, based on the following procedures:

Risk exposure limits	Control procedure
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trading portfolio: 1% of the portfolio's value Non-trading portfolio: 5% of the portfolio's value 	If the exposure level exceeds 80% of the limit, the risk management area issues a warning to the area responsible for the financial operations.

Sensitivity analysis

As set forth in CVM Instruction No. 475, of 12/17/2008, the sensitivity analysis was conducted in order to identify the main types of risks capable of generating losses to the Bank, considering alternative scenarios for the behavior of several risk factors of the operations comprising trading and non-trading portfolios, whose results are as follows:

Portfolio/risk factor	Risk type	Scenario 1 (Probable)	Scenario 2 (Change of 25%)		Scenario 3 (Change of 50%)	
		Balance	Balance	Loss	Balance	Loss
Trading portfolio						
Fixed interest	Increase in interest rate	5,499,764	5,496,684	(3,080)	5,493,656	(6,108)
Non-trading portfolio						
Dollar coupon	Increase in the dollar coupon	(56,698)	(60,112)	(3,414)	(63,188)	(6,489)
IGP coupon	Increase in the IGP coupon	1,061,277	1,010,717	(50,560)	963,838	(97,439)
IPCA coupon	Decrease in the IPCA coupon	(363,400)	(397,746)	(34,346)	(436,390)	(72,990)
TJLP coupon	Increase in the TJLP coupon	559,353	519,061	(40,292)	482,501	(76,851)
TR coupon	Increase in the TR coupon	(1,733,632)	(1,734,036)	(404)	(1,734,025)	(393)
Fixed interest	Increase in interest rate	3,321,951	3,276,375	(45,576)	3,232,868	(89,083)

For purposes of abovementioned calculations, Scenario 1, which presents the most probable situation, considered the net balances of portfolios, at marked-to-market values using the Term Structure of Interest Rates (ETTJ) - considering the reference rates used at BM&FBOVESPA. The following reference rates were collected for 09/30/2012: DI x Pre, DI x Dollar, DI x Euro, DI x IPCA, DI x IGPM, and DI x TR. As regards TJLP coupon rates, the DI x Pre rate combined the TJLP rate structure in force at the date of the position was used. As regards Scenarios 2 and 3, changes of 25% and 50% were applied, respectively, on risk factors, and new net balances were estimated for the portfolios. Losses correspond to the differences between the balances of Scenario 1 and balances of Scenarios 2 and 3.

The sensitivity analysis was also conducted for swap operations and their related hedged items, as follows:

Nature of transaction	Risk type	Financial instrument	Scenario 1 (Probable)	Scenario 2 (Change of 25%)	Scenario 3 (change of 50%)
Other derivatives	Increase in the reference rate BM&F Bovespa DI x PRE	Swap DI x Pre	(272,084)	(263,020)	(254,566)
		Fixed rate assets	283,394	261,044	240,902
		Net exposure	11,310	(1,976)	(13,663)
Derivatives for Hedge	Increase in the reference rate BM&F Bovespa DI x Dollar	Swap Dollar x DI	1,297,379	1,249,481	1,204,097
		Liabilities in FM	(1,287,346)	(1,259,213)	(1,232,412)
		Net exposure	10,033	(9,732)	(28,315)

As at 09/30/2012, market value losses were considered in the net exposure of scenarios 2 and 3 and, as regards scenario 1, arising from increase in opportunity costs, in the fixed operations, and those arising from exchange coupon increase, in the operations in foreign currency.

Swap DI x Pre

The method used to prepare the sensitivity analysis of swap DI x Pre transactions was to determine the balances of fixed rate asset transactions and derivative (swap) transactions exposed to this type of risk (scenario 1), and determine the net exposure. The stresses related to scenarios 2 and 3 were applied to this result, as detailed below:

Scenario 1 - refers to the current situation of risk exposure factors based on market information (BM&FBovespa). Under this scenario, 100% of the DI swap rate x fixed rate is applied.

Scenario 2 - Under this scenario, 125% of the DI swap rate x fixed rate is applied.

Scenario 3 - Under this scenario, 150% of the DI swap rate x fixed rate is applied.

Swap Dollar x DI

The method used to prepare the sensitivity analysis of swap dollar x DI transactions was to determine the balances of fixed rate liability transactions indexed to the dollar and hedge (swap) transactions exposed to this type of risk (scenario 1), and determine the net exposure. The stresses related to scenarios 2 and 3 were applied to this result, as detailed below:

Scenario 1 - refers to the current situation of risk exposure factors based on market information (BM&FBovespa). Under this scenario, 100% of the DI swap rate x dollar is applied.

Scenario 2 - Under this scenario, 125% of the DI swap rate x dollar is applied.

Scenario 3 - Under this scenario, 150% of the DI swap rate x dollar is applied.

e) Operational risk

The operational risk results in potential, actual or recovered loss arising from human failures or errors in processes, systems or arising from external factors, including those related to legal issues.

The operational risk management requires continuous commitment and involvement of all managers, employees and third parties, whose main purpose is to maintain at acceptable levels the probabilities and/or impacts from losses.

The corporate operational risk management system aims at ensuring compliance with the corporate policy and strategic planning of the Bank in accordance with governance principles and the policies set by the National Monetary Council (CMN), based on the timetable defined by the banking supervisory. Management is made through processes and subprocesses carried out on a dynamic and ongoing basis which ensure, through mitigating measures, acceptable risk exposure levels.

The corporate operational risk management is strengthened through a specific organizational structure designed to support assessment and compliance related to the adoption of controls for all processes and operations carried out, mainly based on the provisions set forth in the institutional regulatory system. The qualitative approach comprises methodologies, control tools, mitigating measures and managerial reports that describe the control over processes carried out in all institutional areas. This analysis describes management by process and architecture design - macroprocesses, processes and subprocesses - identification of risk, control, mitigation and corrective plan. The quantitative approach adopts measurement models, showing considerable improvements in the operational risk measurement stochastic model applied to the Bank, for purposes of allocation of capital to support expected and unexpected losses.

f) Foreign exchange exposure

Transactions under agreements that provide for exchange adjustment clause presented, at 09/30/2012, net balance of foreign currency exposure purchased, in the amount of R\$ 13,829 (R\$ 562 at 12/31/2011 – long position), as follows, in thousands of reais:

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011	Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Cash and cash equivalents	4,035	2,309	Deposits	22,963	28,344
Interbank investments	15,290	14,988	Interdepartmental accounts	10,247	7,142
Lending operations	821,058	817,214	Borrowings and onlending - Domestic	58,690	35,721
Other receivables	954,978	928,816	Borrowings and onlending - Foreign	2,160,578	1,407,635
			Other obligations	834,023	846,224
Total assets in foreign currency, exclusive derivatives	1,795,361	1,763,327	Total liabilities in foreign currency	3,086,501	2,325,066
Swap transactions	1,304,969	562,301	Swap transactions	-	-
Total long position in foreign currency	3,100,330	2,325,628	Total short position in foreign currency	3,086,501	2,325,066

Foreign exchange exposure is maintained below the limits established in the Corporate Risk Management, Internal Control and Safety Policy (5% of the Regulatory Capital).

g) Operational limits - Basel Accord

As set forth in CMN Resolutions No. 3444 and 3490, of 02/28/2007 and 08/29/2007, respectively, and supplementary regulations, CMN set additional requirements for capital allocation, including new risk-exposed components: Credit Commitment Unconditionally or Unilaterally Non-Cancelable by the Bank; exposure to stock risk (PACS); exposure to risk of assets indexed to commodities prices (PCOM); exposure to risk of assets in foreign currency (PCAM); exposure to operational risk (POPR) and market risk of operations not classified in the trading portfolio (RBAN). The prevailing guidelines maintained the minimum capital allocation ratio by 11%, which is the ratio between a financial institution's regulatory capital (PR) and the total risks assumed in lending operations, including collaterals offered and co-obligations, and market and operational risks as at 09/30/2012.

At 09/30/2012, the capital adequacy ratio (Extended Basel Index) of Banco do Nordeste was 15.77% (16.32% at 12/31/2011), while PR was R\$ 4,802,706 (R\$ 4,604,614 at 12/31/2011). The Required Regulatory Capital (PRE), which represents the consolidation of all risk exposures, with a capital allocation ratio of 11%, was R\$ 3,242,667 as at 09/30/2012 (R\$ 3,054,085 at 12/31/2011).

i. Matching of PR with PRE

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
a) Regulatory Capital (PR)	4,802,706	4,604,614
. Tier I	2,401,353	2,302,307
. Tier II	2,401,353	2,302,307
b) Required Regulatory Capital (PRE)	3,242,667	3,054,085
. PEPR ⁽¹⁾	2,749,613	2,619,648
. PJUR	3,029	642
. PCOM	352	345
. POPR	489,673	433,450
c) RBAN amount	107,826	48,603
Margin (a-b-c)	1,452,213	1,501,926
Basel ratio (BACEN Circular No. 3477, of 12/28/2009)	16.29%	16.58%
Basel ratio (including RBAN amount)	15.77%	16.32%

(1) 11% of Weighted Risk Factor Exposures, pursuant to articles 11 to 16 of BACEN Circular No. 3360, of 09/12/2007.

ii. Breakdown of PR

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Regulatory Capital (PR)	4,802,706	4,604,614
. Tier I	2,401,353	2,302,307
(+) Equity	2,498,332	2,329,499
(+) Profit or loss accounts - Creditors	1,632,748	-
(-) Profit or loss accounts - Debtors	1,648,129	-
(-) Revaluation reserves	23,478	25,198
(-) Tax credits excluded	6,633	291
(-) Deferred permanent assets	260	1,703
(-) Mark-to-market - Marketable securities and derivatives	51,227	-
. Tier II	2,401,353	2,302,307
(+) Revaluation reserves	23,478	25,198
(+) Hybrid debt/debt and equity instruments classified as Tier II of PR ⁽¹⁾	1,161,438	1,137,872
(+) Subordinated debt instruments ⁽²⁾	1,303,638	1,216,319
(+) Mark-to-market - Marketable securities and derivatives	51,227	-
(-) Excess subordinated debt instruments	102,961	65,165
(-) Exceeding Tier II capital in comparison with Tier I capital	35,467	11,917

(1) The hybrid debt/equity instrument was entered into with the National Treasury Department with indefinite term.

(2) The subordinated debt instruments were entered into with the Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund (FNE) with indefinite term.

Information related to risk management, focusing on issues such as Regulatory Capital (PR) and the Required Regulatory Capital (PRE), as provided for in BACEN Circular 3477, of 12/28/2009, is available at www.bnb.gov.br, *Relação com Investidores*.

NOTE 28 – Related-party transactions

a) Related-party transactions

a.1) The main transactions with state-owned companies, autonomous government agencies, programs and funds controlled by the Federal Government are broken down as follows:

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Assets		
Lending operations - Refinancing with Federal Government (Note 9.a.1)	455,673	473,643
Total	455,673	473,643

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Liabilities		
Time deposits - FAT (Note 13.a. and Note 26)	633,167	622,389
Domestic onlending – Official institutions (Note 14.c)	1,562,092	1,286,685
National Treasury	847	992
BNDES	1,407,776	1,152,894
Finame	153,469	132,799
Other obligations	8,439,420	6,932,417
Northeast Constitutional Financing Fund (FNE) - (Note 16.f)	5,974,344	4,578,226
Hybrid debt and equity instruments (Note 16.g)	1,161,438	1,137,872
Subordinated debts eligible for capital (Note 16.h)	1,303,638	1,216,319
Total	10,634,679	8,841,491

a.2) The main transactions with entities related to the Bank's employees, Caixa de Previdência (CAPEF) and Caixa de Assistência Médica (CAMED) are composed as follows:

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Liabilities		
Other obligations (Note 16.i)	1,458,489	985,408
Capef	654,690	457,916
Camed	803,799	527,492
Total	1,458,489	985,408

b) Management compensation

The compensation of the Board of Directors, Executive Board and Supervisory Board is shown below:

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Short-term benefits	2,062	2,363
Fees	1,923	1,838
Executive Board	1,638	1,570
Board of Directors	142	142
Supervisory Board	143	126
Other	129	307
Profit sharing	10	218
Total short-term benefits	2,062	2,363
Post-employment benefits	175	146
Total	2,237	2,509

The Bank does not have variable stock-based compensation and other long-term benefits and does not offer post-employment benefits to management, except for those comprising the headcount, members of the Bank's Pension Plan. The Bank does not grant loans to its Executive Officers, members of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board, since this practice is forbidden to financial institutions governed by the Central Bank of Brazil.

NOTE 29 – Statement of Comprehensive Income

Specification	01/01 to 09/30/2012	01/01 to 09/30/2011
Net income	230,625	419,796
Other comprehensive income	54,669	(28,029)
Equity valuation adjustment of available-for-sale securities	88,249	(49,738)
Taxes on equity valuation adjustment of available-for-sale securities	(35,300)	19,895
Revaluation reserve released to retained earnings	2,868	3,023
Taxes on revaluation reserve released to retained earnings	(1,148)	(1,209)
Comprehensive income	285,294	391,767

NOTE 30 – Other information

Guarantees given

Co-obligations and risks related to guarantees given by the Bank are composed as follows:

Specification	09/30/2012	12/31/2011
Import financing	6,469	131,958
Guarantee beneficiaries		
- Individuals or non-financial legal entities	92,669	92,219
- FNE	14,986,709	13,926,213
- Other entities	64,215	54,180
Credit assignment co-obligations	27,103	26,815

Fortaleza, October 29, 2012

Executive Board

Note: See accompanying notes.

Quarterly Information

Banco do Nordeste do Brasil S.A.

September 30, 2012
with Independent Auditor's Review Report on Quarterly
Information

A free translation from Portuguese into English of Independent Auditor's Review Report on Quarterly Information prepared in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil

Independent Auditor's Review Report on Quarterly Information

The Shareholders, Board of Directors and Officers
Banco do Nordeste do Brasil S.A.

Introduction

We have reviewed the interim financial information of Banco do Nordeste do Brasil S.A. ("Bank") included in the Quarterly Information Form (ITR) for the three-month period ended September 30, 2012, which comprises the balance sheet at September 30, 2012 and the related statements of income and comprehensive income for the three and nine-month periods then ended, changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month period then ended, and a summary of the main accounting practices and other explanatory information.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the interim financial information in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN), as well as for the presentation of this information in accordance with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Brazilian and international standards on review engagements (NBC TR 2410 and ISRE 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards and consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial information included in the quarterly information referred to above was not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil, and presented consistently with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information (ITR).

Other matters

Interim statements of value added

In addition, we have reviewed the interim statements of value added (SVA) for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012, prepared under the responsibility of management, presentation in the interim financial information of which is required in accordance with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information (ITR). These statements were subject to the same review procedures described above and, based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that they were not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the interim financial information taken as a whole.

Review of prior quarter corresponding figures

The financial information contained in the Quarterly Information (ITR) for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and as at December 31, 2011, presented for comparison purposes, was reviewed and audited by other independent auditors who issued unmodified review reports and audit opinions, dated November 14, 2011 and February 7, 2012, respectively.

São Paulo, November 13, 2012.

ERNST & YOUNG TERCO
Auditores Independentes S.S.
CRC-2SP015199/O-6-F-CE

Eduardo Braga Perdigão
Accountant CRC-1CE013803/O-8